

HARVARD COLLEGE

CLASS OF 1861

Fiftieth Anniversary

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Harvard College
CLASS OF 1861

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY
AND
FINAL REPORT

Printed for the Use of the Class



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FOREWORD

The report herewith presented is based upon notes left by Wright, and contains contributions made largely at his request. He evidently intended to give it the characteristic of intimacy, and to include reminiscences and personal details hitherto unpublished. We have attempted to follow his general scheme, though knowing that no one could complete it as well as he. We adopt also, as far as possible, the recommendation of the Committee of Class Secretaries for a uniform arrangement of material. Their scheme included a biographical summary, obviating reference to previous reports. This was anticipated by R. Stone in his preparation for our Fifth Report; and, with the exception of some matter from the Sixth, we have repeated nothing from previous issues. The delay resulting from the long illness of our Secretary and his lamented death has enabled us to bring our history four years beyond our fiftieth, and we feel assured of your approval in constructing the final report on the plan proposed by the classmate who for fifty-three years so faithfully served us, and whom Sixty-One will ever hold in affectionate and grateful remembrance.

ALPHEUS H. HARDY,
JAMES R. MAY,
Class Committee.

CLASS OF 1861

GRADUATES

	<i>Born</i>	<i>Died</i>
*LEONARD CASE ALDEN	1839	1863
*PARDON ALMY	1836	1862
*HENRY MARTYN ATKINSON	1838	1887
*CHARLES COTESWORTH BEAMAN	1840	1900
JOHN BIGELOW	1841	
CHARLES LEE BIXBY	1841	
*THOMAS KELLY BOLTON	1840	1879
*ALLAN FOSTER BOONE	1838	1915
*HENRY PICKERING BOWDITCH	1840	1911
*JEREMIAH WESLEY BOYDEN	1838	1866
HERMAN FRANCIS BRASHEAR	1839	
*JOHN PATRICK BROWN	1839	1896
*JOHN LINCOLN BULLARD	1840	1899
ELIHU CHAUNCEY	1840	
JOHN DOGGETT COBB	1840	
CHARLES ALONZO COOPER	1837	
*STEVENS GEORGE COWDREY	1838	1891
*EDWARD AUGUSTUS CROWNINSHIELD	1841	1867
*LEWIS STACKPOLE DABNEY	1840	1908
*HENRY JONAS DOOLITTLE	1839	1862
*CHARLES TILTON DUNCKLEE	1841	1900
*STEPHEN GOODHUE EMERSON	1838	1863
*SAMUEL FRANKLIN EMMONS	1841	1911
*HENRY WELD FARRAR	1840	1881
*JOSEPH EMERY FISKE	1839	1909
*WILLIAM HATHAWAY FORBES	1840	1897
*MINOT GARDNER GAGE	1840	1897
*WENDELL PHILLIPS GARRISON	1840	1907
*WILLIAM YATES GHOLSON	1842	1862
*JAMES FORTESCUE GIFFEN	1839	1893
*DANIEL DUDLEY GILBERT	1838	1909
*EZRA PALMER GOULD	1841	1900
*JAMES REEVE GOULD	1841	1872
FRANK WARREN HACKETT	1841	
*ALBERT HALE	1839	1895
*NORWOOD PENROSE HALLOWELL	1839	1914

	<i>Born</i>	<i>Died</i>
*JOSEPH BRADFORD HARDON	1834	1902
ALPHEUS HOLMES HARDY	1840	
*WILLIAM AUGUSTUS HOLBROOK	1839	1911
OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES	1841	
*JOHN PRENTISS HOPKINSON	1840	1910
*CHARLES EDWARD INCHES	1840	1911
*ALFRED PERRY JOHNSON	1836	1894
*THOMAS HENRY KNOWLES	1837	1909
*CHARLES DUNCAN LAMB	1841	1871
*THOMAS JOSEPH LEAVITT	1840	1863
DAVID FRANCIS LINCOLN	1841	
JOSEPH HETHERINGTON McDANIELS	1840	
JAMES RUNDLET MAY	1841	
*GEORGE HART MUMFORD	1840	1875
*SCOLLAY PARKER	1839	1909
*WILLIAM HENRY PETTEE	1838	1904
*SAMUEL DUNN PHILLIPS	1838	1862
*HENRY PICKERING	1839	1907
*GEORGE HERMAN POWERS	1840	1913
*JAMES HOLTON RICE	1839	1907
*FRANK THORNTON RICHARDSON	1840	1884
JOHN RITCHIE	1836	
*THOMAS RODMAN ROBESON	1840	1863
*CHARLES CHRISTIE SALTER	1839	1870
EDWARD WILLIAM SANBORN	1837	
WESLEY CALEB SAWYER	1839	
JOSEPH HERBERT SENTER	1842	
*CARLETON ATWOOD SHURTLEFF	1840	1864
*HIRAM SMITH SHURTLEFF	1841	1893
*HERBERT SLEEPER	1841	1874
*WILLIAM FRANKLIN SNOW	1838	1871
*ALBERT STETSON	1834	1909
JAMES KENT STONE	1840	
*RICHARD STONE	1840	1914
CHARLES STORROW	1841	
*FLAVEL COOLIDGE STRATTON	1840	1906
*SIDNEY WARREN THAXTER	1839	1908
*LESLIE WAGGENER	1841	1896
*JOSEPH HOWE WALES	1840	1907
JAMES PUTNAM WALKER	1839	
*FRANKLIN WELD	1841	1898
STEPHEN WILLIAMS WHITNEY	1841	
*EDWARD WIGGLESWORTH	1840	1896
*GEORGE FRANKLIN WORKS	1839	1904
*JAMES EDWARD WRIGHT	1839	1914

March 1, 1915, *61+20=81.

NON-GRADUATES

Died

*JOHN WARE ADAMS	Withdrew	2d term, Sophomore	1889
*ARTHUR WELLAND BLAKE	"	1st term, Freshman	1893
*GEORGE BURROUGHS	"	1st term, Freshman	1870
*JASON WALKER CHENAULT	"	2d term, Freshman	1896
*OGDEN CODMAN	"	2d term, Freshman	1904
*JAMES FREEMAN CURTIS	"	2d term, Freshman	1888
*ARTHUR DEHON	"	2d term, Sophomore	1862
*HORATIO EUSTIS	"	2d term, Sophomore	1864
*JOHN LYMAN FENTON	"	1st term, Sophomore	1863
*CHARLES GREENOUGH	"	2d term, Sophomore	1858
*FRANK HASTINGS HAMILTON	"	2d term, Sophomore	1869
*OLIVER CLEVELAND HOUGHTON	"	2d term, Freshman	1896
*EDWARD ADAMS JEWETT	"	2d term, Sophomore	1911
*FRANK KIMBALL	"	2d term, Freshman	1873
*FRANK WILLIAM LAWRENCE	"	2d term, Junior	1903
*HENRY WADSWORTH LONGFELLOW	"	2d term, Sophomore	1874
*EDWARD GREELEY LORING	"	2d term, Sophomore	1888
*EDWARD WILLIAM McCABE	"	2d term, Freshman	1877
JOHN McMAHON	"	2d term, Sophomore	
*HENRY MATHES	"	2d term, Sophomore	1904
*CHRISTOPHER GUSTAVUS MEMMINGER	"	2d term, Freshman	1905
*FRANK WILLIAM PAUL	"	1st term, Freshman	1912
*ROBERT SINGLETON PEABODY	"	2d term, Freshman	1904
THOMAS CLARKSON RUSSELL	"	2d term, Freshman	
WILLIAM WILBERFORCE RUSSELL	"	2d term, Freshman	
*DeFOREST SAFFORD	"	1st term, Freshman	1914
*GEORGE WASHINGTON SIMMONS	"	2d term, Junior	1898
*JOHN DAVIS SWEET	"	2d term, Freshman	1869
*GEORGE HARVEY TAYLOR	"	2d term, Freshman	1881
*JAMES BALDWIN THOMAS	"	2d term, Sophomore	1859
*NATHANIEL DANA TURNER	"	2d term, Freshman	1893
*JAMES MCBRIDE VANDERPOEL	"	3d term, Junior	1860
*CHARLES MORRIS WALTON	"	1st term, Freshman	1871

CLASS OF 1861

GRADUATES

* **Leonard Case Alden.**

* **Pardon Almy.**

* **Henry Martyn Atkinson.**

* **Charles Cotesworth Beaman.** Died of heart disease December 15, 1900, in New York. He was born in Houlton, Me., May 7, 1840. He fitted for college at Smithville Academy, North Scituate, R.I. After graduation he was Principal of the academy in Marblehead, Mass., entered the Law School in 1864, and was admitted to the Massachusetts bar, November 22, 1865.

He published in the *North American Review* an article on "The Rights and Duties of Belligerent War Vessels," which attracted the attention of Senator Charles Sumner, who made Beaman his secretary and clerk of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations.

In 1871 he published his book, "The Alabama Claims and their Settlement," and was appointed Examiner of Claims in the Department of State, and later was appointed by General Grant as Solicitor of the United States before the Tribunal of Arbitration at Geneva. He was admitted to the New York bar in 1868, and in 1879 was admitted to the firm of Evarts, Southmayd & Choate, which, on the retirement of Mr. Southmayd, became Evarts, Choate & Beaman.

Notwithstanding his engrossing business cares, he bore a large share of the burdens which fall to public-spirited citizens,

and gave much time and strength to the various movements for reform in New York City. He was President of the New England Society in New York, Vice-President of the New York Bar Association, President of the University Club, was one of the founders of the Harvard Club, and for twelve years an Overseer of Harvard College.

In 1896 he made a voyage around the world with his wife and two daughters.

His summer home was in Cornish, N.H., where he became a large owner of real estate, and made his attractive house one of the social centres.

An associate writes of Beaman "that he became the trusted adviser of those representing the great financial interests of the country. His sound judgment, perfect sincerity, unquestioned integrity, gave his opinion as counsel all the influence of the decision of a judge." His social qualities were equally conspicuous. He was "a social, as well as a business force," a ready and delightful guest at public dinners, "the best man for raillery and repartee this generation has ever known." As a friend he was constant and unselfish. He was a clubable man, as the long list of clubs and societies of which he was a member testifies.

He married, August 19, 1874, Miss Hettie Evarts, who, with four children, survives him.

(For a more extended notice see Sixth Report.)

John Bigelow. Was born in Brighton, February 4, 1841. He fitted for college under John Ruggles, of Harvard, Mass. He was the first of the Class to enlist—April, 1861—for the war, and was commissioned Second Lieutenant in Nims' Battery. He served in the Artillery until discharged for disability incurred in the service, December 22, 1864. He was in business in New York and later in Boston. In 1872-74 he was in the General Court, representing Ward 11.

He is the only member of the Class who has developed the inventive genius. In 1879 he was granted a patent which revolutionized the manufacture of hosiery and knit goods, to which, in 1882, was added the overstretch machine, and in 1891 and 1894 others which made still further improvements. His patents

cover improvements in sewing-machines and those used in the making of hats; and, after he moved to Minneapolis, he devised a method for sewing up the mouths of filled flour sacks by machinery rather than the slower method by hand.

"Not as a mechanical engineer, nor as an artisan, soldier or legislator, not in any of the varied scenes of his activities has his career failed of its amazing usefulness."

Recently Bigelow has been much interested in efforts to correct what he regards as a serious mistake in the renaming of "Trostle Lane,"—the scene of the heroic stand of his battery in the Battle of Gettysburg,—and has issued "An Appeal" and a "Supplement" that Trostle Lane, now named United States Avenue, be renamed Hunt Avenue in honor of General Henry J. Hunt, Chief of Artillery, and as a tribute to that branch of the service which alone fought there.

Bigelow writes on May 19, 1914: "I have wintered in Minneapolis finely. Southern resorts have no attraction for me. I prefer my own apartments and local friends. So it is I am drifting on living alone."

He married, December 5, 1888, Mrs. Julia B. Gardner. She died September 14, 1911.

Charles Lee Bixby. Was born in Barre, Mass., 1841. After graduation he applied for a cadetship in the Navy, but was rejected on account of age, and later joined the Coast Survey, and served on the Atlantic coast until he resigned a year later.

He was a member of the firm of Caton Brothers & Bixby, manufacturers of straw goods, until August, 1899, when he retired from business. Has since lived at Newton and more recently at Indianapolis.

*** Thomas Kelly Bolton.**

*** Allan Foster Boone.** Died suddenly of heart disease at Winchester, Mass., February 4, 1915. He was born November 1, 1838. He fitted for college at Phillips Andover Academy. In August, 1862, he enlisted in the Forty-fourth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, serving with it in North Carolina

during the term of its enlistment—to June 3, 1863. He was detailed a clerk at headquarters of the Eighteenth Army Corps, but resigned that position and volunteered to serve with the regiment during the siege of Little Washington.

On his return he entered business, and was later a member of the firm of Boone, Cannell & Co. until the "great fire" of 1872, when his store was destroyed, and through the failure of insurance companies his business was ruined. He then entered the employ of Wilder Brothers, paper manufacturers, with whom he remained until their business was bought out by the International Paper Company, when he retired from business. He has since resided at Winchester, Mass., with a summer camp at Squam Lake, N.H.

Boone wrote under date of June 17, 1911:—

I note your earnest plea for biographical items. I hardly know where I left off. Within a few years my brothers and sisters have passed on and I am left the "last leaf" of my family tree, but my "bough" is not altogether "forsaken." My elder son and wife live with his parents under the roof where he was born, and they have two children—Frances, eleven, and Philip nine years old.

My younger son has just taken a wife, and, as his parents set especial value upon grandchildren, we feel that prosperity may be coming our way. You remember that Torrey used to read extracts from old English authors—this from Tom Fuller—"Lord be pleased to shake my clay cottage before thou causest it to fall altogether." My cottage is quaking a little. Physical disabilities give me some inconvenience and discomfort.

These with some mental lapses and failing memory make me feel that I am beginning to shrivel.

Please remember me to every man of '61.

Yours sincerely,

ALLAN F. BOONE.

Boone was of a retiring disposition, which kept him from Class meetings, much to the regret of his classmates. He was devoted to books, and possessed a fine library. In later years reading was his occupation, his family and fireside his chief delight.

He married Miss Frances Chapman, of Winchester, who, with two sons, survives him.

* **Henry Pickering Bowditch.** We had years of warning that ere long the asterisk must be placed against Bowditch's name.

The crowning work of his life was completed in 1906, when the new buildings of the Harvard Medical School were dedicated, and when Harvard herself conferred upon him, as the University of Toronto had likewise bestowed in 1903, and the University of Pennsylvania in 1904, the degree of Doctor of Laws. Even then it was apparent that his career was near its finish. From this time till the end, a space of more than four years, the hopeless struggle was carried on with a patience and fortitude beyond praise.

Bowditch resigned in 1893 his office as Dean of the Medical School, which he had made one of the foremost in the country. In 1902 he was President of the Children's Aid Society. In 1903 he gave Lowell Lectures on "Some Problems of Modern Physiology." In 1904 he received a year's leave of absence from his chair, after exhausting labor as a member of the Franklin Fund Commission. This year he passed in Europe, climbing Monte Rosa, and giving his name to one of its lesser peaks. This was almost his last honor. In 1906 he resigned his professorship, after service of a quarter-century, and closed the public activities of a conspicuously useful life. He bequeathed books and scientific apparatus to the College and \$4,000 to be added to a fund created by his father for original investigation under direction of the Professor of Physiology.

He died at his home, "Sunnyside," in Jamaica Plain, March 13, 1911, at the age of seventy. Services were held there on March 15, and at noon in Appleton Chapel, Presidents Eliot and Lowell heading the long list of honorary pallbearers, and all departments of the University being closed during the funeral hour. In the address of the Rev. Charles F. Dole were these words, among many of tender appreciation: "His life fell under three great forms of the public service. In his youth he heard the call that made him a soldier in the Civil War. We may be sure that he took the sword, which lies here to-day at his side, for conscience' sake and for the love of freedom and the country. Then he became a physician and a teacher of physicians. It was the whole business of his life to guide and foster the great interests of the health and life of the people, and to promote exact truth in medical science. The flow and movement of his life was not inward for himself, but outward,—to use all power, skill, experience, and wisdom

which he possessed for the betterment of human life and for the utmost service of his pupils:—

“‘Nothing is here for tears, nothing to wail
Or knock the breast; no weakness, no contempt,
Dispraise, or blame; nothing but well and fair,
And what may quiet us in a death so noble.’”

This brief summary completes the record of his career since the Sixth Report was issued. It leaves unrevealed the story of his private benefactions, of the hand outstretched in aid of others, of the heart as great as was his mind. These memories are the privilege of those only who knew him well. A sketch of his life by Secretary Wright was published, June, 1911, in the *Harvard Graduates' Magazine*, and by others in the *Harvard Bulletin*, *Science*, and the *Boston Medical and Surgical Journal*, and in the local papers of the day. His wife and seven children survive him.

***Jeremiah Wesley Boyden.**

Herman Francis Brashear. Has given up his office in Cincinnati, and moved his residence to Wooster, Hamilton County, Ohio. Although he claims to be out of business, he retains the trusteeship of an estate having large interests in Ohio and the provinces of Northern India. Recently his summer outing has been passed on Cape Cod at Truro.

*** John Patrick Brown.** Died of heart disease, May 13, 1896. He was born in Philadelphia, October 1, 1839.

For some years he was engaged in teaching and studying law, and was admitted to the Suffolk County bar in 1869, but continued teaching until 1875. After his retirement he lived quietly in East Boston until his death.

(See Sixth Report.)

*** John Lincoln Bullard.** Died of heart disease at Short Hills, N.J., July 2, 1899. He was Chief Clerk of Subsistence, U. S. A., at Boston until 1865. Was in business in New York during the remainder of his life. Was twice married, first to Miss Sarah W. Spooner, secondly to Miss Charlotte Haskell,

both of New Bedford. He was a member of the New Jersey legislature in 1898.

(See Sixth Report.)

Elihu Chauncey. Reports that his life proceeds in the usual routine without change. On reaching the age of seventy-three he resigned as Treasurer of General Theological Society after twenty-five years' service. One of his many visits to Europe was made memorable by having on the outward voyage the company of his classmates May and Hopkinson and their wives. They spent some time together in Italy.

His present address is 208 Madison Avenue, New York City.

John Doggett Cobb. In answer to an appeal for information as to his recent experiences, Cobb writes under date of August 1, 1914:—

"As for my personal record for the Class Book, it is quickly told. My father, J. H. Cobb, of the Class of 1817, wished to send a son to Harvard, and have such a son succeed him in the office of Register of the Court of Probate and Insolvency for Norfolk County, Mass. I was that 'filius pius.'"

After graduation Cobb entered the Harvard Law School, but left to enter the army. He enlisted in the summer of 1862 in the Thirty-fifth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, serving until the end of the war. He then resumed the study of law, was admitted to the bar in 1867, and after a year in the Treasury Department in Washington removed to Dedham, and resumed the practice of law. In 1878 he was appointed Assistant Register for Norfolk County, and in 1904 was elected Register, which office he held for ten years, declining a re-election in 1914. "Since then I have been busy with gardening, boating, literary and art fads, enjoying the freedom and having the satisfaction of having carried out the paternal intention." He was in the Massachusetts legislature in 1876-77, and visited Europe in 1878. He was never married, and still resides in Dedham, Mass.

Charles Alonzo Cooper. Continues in the poultry and produce business, but has removed to Wakefield, Mass. He writes on June 10, 1911, that he is recovering from the effects of

a broken leg, and in August, 1914, that he is "permanently laid aside from all participation in active life from a second break, which rendered the leg perfectly useless." He regrets his inability to be present at future Class meetings, and signs himself, "Your loving classmate."

*** Stevens George Cowdrey.**

*** Edward Augustus Crowninshield.**

*** Lewis Stackpole Dabney.** Died in Boston, May 15, 1908. He was born in Horta on the Island of Fayal, on December 21, 1840, the son of Frederick and Roxanna (Stackpole) Dabney. The early family name was Daubigny. It so appears under date of August 17, 1723, but the same child was baptized on September 22 of that year as John Dabney, according to the records of King's Chapel. In 1804 his son, John Ball Dabney, our classmate's grandfather, settled in Fayal, and was made United States Consul in 1806, and this office remained in the family for eighty-five years. Dabney never went to school, but was educated in his home by private tutors. He entered college without conditions.

He was a member of the Institute, the Rumford Society, the Hasty Pudding Club, and the Φ B K.

After graduation he studied law in the office of Messrs. Gray & Blake. In 1862 he visited Fayal. On November 13, 1862, he was commissioned Second Lieutenant in Captain Forbes's Company, Second Massachusetts Volunteer Cavalry; was First Lieutenant, February 9, 1863, and Captain February 5, 1864, and was discharged January 7, 1865, and in April began the practice of law in Boston.

Of Dabney's position as a lawyer we have abundant testimony from his associates at the bar.

At a meeting of the Suffolk Bar Association, held on December 5, 1908, the committee appointed to prepare resolutions on his death reported that "His progress at the bar was not phenomenally rapid, but was sure." "His loyalty to his clients was unbounded, and his assiduity and interest in the preparation and trial of their cases were untiring. Success was bound to crown

professional efforts directed with so much intelligence, skill, and industry, and at the time of his death Dabney was by common consent one of the leaders of the bar of the Commonwealth."

Justice Holmes, his classmate, wrote of him "that he struck me as one of the few good cross-examiners that I have known. . . . He was in the first rank." Others mention his courtesy and consideration. "His generosity and thoughtfulness were unfailing, and again in questions affecting the community in which he lived, and in matters which he thought of importance to the State in general he gave unsparingly of his time and energy, without expectation of any public recognition or pecuniary reward."

The resolution passed by the Bar Association, of which he was President in 1900, reads:—

That by the death of Lewis S. Dabney the Association has lost one of its most valuable members, the Bar of the Commonwealth one of its ablest and most eminent practitioners, and the community at large a citizen whose exemplary bearing and conduct in all the relations of life made him a uniformly useful and effective influence for good.

Dabney was a member of the Loyal Legion, Somerset, Athletic, and Exchange Clubs. He was an enthusiastic yachtsman, and in 1807 was commodore of the Beverly Yacht Club.

He married Clara Bigelow, daughter of Chief Justice Bigelow. She died in Paris in 1899. Three children survive him: Frederick Lewis (Harvard, 1891), Caroline Miller (Mrs. Augustin H. Parker), and George Bigelow (Harvard, 1902).

*** Henry Jonas Doolittle.**

*** Charles Tilton Duncklee.** Died of heart disease, April 2, 1900. He graduated at the Harvard Law School in 1863. Was in business in New York, where he also practised law, having been admitted to the New York bar. In 1878 he returned to Massachusetts and resumed the practice of law in Brookline, where he became widely known in legal, political, and fraternal circles. He married, May 16, 1896, Marcia Bowman Jenks, of Allston, who, with four children, survived him.

*** Stephen Goodhue Emerson.**

* **Samuel Franklin Emmons.** Died at his home in Washington, March 28, 1911, of heart disease. He had been in failing health for some years, and retired from active field work in 1908, but to the day of his death continued his duties as Geologist of the United States Geological Survey, with which he had been connected for thirty years, and to which he had given a "thorough and lofty devotion." The night before his death he complained of an increasing discomfort, and was found dead in his bed the next morning.

Emmons was born in Boston, March 29, 1841, the son of Nathaniel (and Elizabeth Wales) Emmons, who was at that time the senior partner of the firm of Thomas B. Wales & Co., an old and highly successful house, ship-owners, and engaged in the East India trade.

Emmons fitted for college at Dixwell's Latin School in Boston with his cousin and college room-mate, Joseph H. Wales. His great-grandfather, after whom he was named, was Samuel Franklin, a first cousin and class friend of Benjamin Franklin. In college he was as a student "not brilliant, but diligent and persistent; in the class-room he was always thoroughly prepared"—characteristics which produced results not only in college, but in after life.

He was a member of the Institute of 1770, the Hasty Pudding, and Oneida Boat Club. While not active in athletics, he was "a good oar," and often rowed as stroke in his Class boat, and in the second college crew on Lake Quinsigamond, in an intercollegiate contest, pulled a winning race. The Fifth and Sixth Class Reports give a full account of Emmons's travels and the result of his work in his profession, which is described in *Science* of April 21, 1911, as showing "a thorough, painstaking honesty of method, wide and penetrating vision in the interpretation of facts, remarkable sanity and soundness of judgment with clarity of vision," and adds that he "received and bore modestly the honors that men of science most prize." He continued his work to the very end, not living to see the publication of material upon which he was engaged during his last days.

In the Bulletin of the Geographical Society of America his friend Arnold Hague, also a distinguished scientist, gives a list of ninety-two titles of papers and publications, the product of his pen,—“a noble record of life's work well performed.”

It was not as the "world known geologist" that Emmons was most welcome at Class meetings, but rather for his loyal friendship, the modesty with which he bore his honors, his loyalty to the Class, his "real kindness of heart and genial outlook on life"—characteristics by which Emmons easily made friends and firmly held them.

He married, first, Miss Weltha Anita Steeves, August 5, 1876, who died February 12, 1888; second, Miss Sophie Dallas Markoe, February 14, 1889 (she died June 19, 1896); and, third, Mrs. Susanne Earle Ogden-Jones, in 1903, who survives him. He had no children.

*** Henry Weld Farrar.**

***Joseph Emery Fiske.** Died of peritonitis at Wellesley, Mass., on February 21, 1909 (after an illness of only three days), in the house in which he was born and had always lived. He was the son of Emery and Eunice (Morse) Fiske. He fitted for college at the Allen School, West Newton. After his graduation he entered the Andover Theological Seminary, but in August, 1862, enlisted in the Forty-third Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia. In 1863 he was commissioned First Lieutenant, Massachusetts Second Heavy Artillery, and rose to the rank of Captain.

On April 20, 1864, he was taken prisoner at Plymouth, N.C., after the surrender of the place by General Wessels. He escaped from Columbus, Ga., February 14, 1865, and in May was honorably discharged. Returning to Andover, he finished his course there in 1867, but never entered the ministry, as important family interests demanded his attention and time. He returned to his native town, to which, and in full measure, he devoted his remaining days.

Of his public activities the *Wellesley Townsman* testifies as follows:—

He won and deserved the confidence of his fellow townsmen. He held at times all its important offices. As selectman his business sagacity and sound judgment were conspicuous; as a member of the School Committee his education, scholarship, and knowledge of human nature were especially valuable;

as a presiding officer he was well-nigh perfect; as a legislator he represented his district in both the town and higher branches of the legislature. For the last few years of his life declining strength largely limited his physical activity: his mental power and alertness, however, continued unimpaired, and his interest in public affairs was as keen as ever.

When the town of Needham was divided, and Wellesley set apart, to him as much as any man the success of that enterprise was due, and in a real sense he was one of the "Fathers of the Town." During the ten years of increasing disability, his judgment was sought and his advice largely guided town affairs.

He was a member of the New England Historic Genealogical Society, of the Loyal Legion, the Maugus and Wellesley Clubs, was President of the Woodlawn Cemetery Association, and a Trustee of the Wellesley Hospital Fund.

He married Ellen Ware of Grantville, June 1, 1869 (she died January 1, 1871), and in 1872 Abby Sawyer Hastings of Sterling, who died in 1894.

Two daughters, Ellen Ware and Isabella Howe, survive him.

He published a volume of "War Letters," written in part from Southern prisons.

*** William Hathaway Forbes.** Died at Naushon, October 11, 1897. Soon after graduation, December 26, 1861, he was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the First Massachusetts Cavalry, and on May 12, 1863, Major in the Second. On July 6, 1864, he was captured by Colonel Mosby and taken to Libby Prison and later to Columbia, S.C. He was exchanged in 1865, and mustered out May 15, 1865, as Lieutenant-Colonel. He was the founder of the American Bell Telephone Company and its first President.

He married, October 3, 1865, Miss Edith Emerson of Concord, Mass., who with eight children survived him.

The Sixth Report gives a detailed report of his capture and varied life interests.

*** Minot Gardner Gage.** Died February 27, 1897. He taught for a year after graduation; entered the Harvard Divinity School, graduating in 1865; was ordained as the pastor of the

Unitarian Church in Nashua, N.H., March 14, 1866, and in 1870 over the First Parish Church in Gloucester, where he remained for eight years until his health failed.

He married Ellena F. Boutwell of Nashua, N.H., June 8, 1870, who with two sons survived him.

(See Sixth Report.)

*** Wendell Phillips Garrison.** Died at Dr. Runyon's Sanitarium, South Orange, N.J., February 27, 1907. He was the third son of William Lloyd Garrison, the Abolitionist, and Helen Eliza Benson, and was born in Cambridgeport, Mass., June 4, 1840. He attended the Boston public schools, the Quincy, the Dwight, and the Latin, and entered Harvard in 1857. There he interested himself in a wide range of subjects, from geology to Greek literature, and obtained an accurate introduction to German, French, and Italian literature. While he wrote for the *Harvard Magazine* and corrected proof in the office of the *Liberator*, he still found time to supervise the education of his brother Francis. Amid this diversity of employment his work was never perfunctory, and he took rank in college among the highest. He had, in fact, laid a thorough foundation for his future profession as an editor.

After two years of private teaching and tutoring, and a brief engagement on the New York *Independent* in 1864, he became associated in July, 1865, with E. L. Godkin in founding the *Nation*, from which he retired after forty-one years of service and direction on June 28, 1906. From the beginning he had charge of the literary side, and took the laboring oar in the general management, while Mr. Godkin chiefly wrote the editorials. The literary reputation of the journal was Garrison's own creation. By his own qualities he drew to its staff of writers and reviewers the leading men of letters and science in this country. By an immense correspondence, as gracious and charming as it was laborious, he made his contributors his friends. This attitude and labor he continued after the *Nation* was combined in 1881 with the *Evening Post* by his brother-in-law, Mr. Henry Villard. Under this new arrangement, Mr. Godkin became editor-in-chief of the *Evening Post*, while Garrison became its literary editor and editor-in-charge of the *Nation*.

His labors were crowned July 6, 1905, by a remarkable token of esteem and affection. More than two hundred of the *Nation's* staff contributors joined in presenting him with a silver vase of classic pattern and beauty, designed by Russell Sturgis. The inscription by Goldwin Smith recognized "forty years of able, upright, and truly patriotic work in the editorship of the *Nation*." The congratulatory note, signed by the donors and worded by Professor Charles Eliot Norton, expresses the conviction that Mr. Garrison had made "the *Nation* for more than a generation the chief literary journal in America,—the medium of the best criticism and the mouthpiece of high intellectual ideals." The tribute was accompanied by scores of personal letters, conveying expressions of friendship and esteem, signed, in some cases, by names of world-wide distinction.

It was characteristic of Garrison that in his editorial thanks for this compliment he minimized his own share in the achievement, and loyally endeavored to transfer his honors to his "chief and master," the late Mr. Godkin. With due regard for the talents and ideals of that great journalist, the fact is quite the reverse. A classmate writes, "I never enjoyed the *Nation*; it had too much pessimism and mugwumpism. It failed to give any practical suggestions for correcting the evils which it criticised with so much ability." But Garrison was in no way responsible for the bitter that lingered in the tonic of Mr. Godkin's editorials. For the satisfying perfection of its literary side he, and he alone, was accountable. The choice and the arrangement of that weekly symphony were his, down to a hyphen or a dot. The head of a great university, whose world-wide experience in diplomacy extended from China to Constantinople, once said to the present writer: "In politics, I never think of consulting my *Nation*; but I can't do without its reviews and its literary side. I read that and the *London Times* every week." A man of rare genius in science, Charles S. Pierce, remarks on "his extraordinary skill; his *flair* is such that, however slight his acquaintance with a subject, he judges pretty accurately the value of a book before he sends it out. His *graciousness* not merely wins friends, but should command respect as an essential element of his ability to gather and keep such contributors."

Viscount Bryce's letter brought the crowning tribute, *laudari*

a laudato; its cordial and weighty words admit of no condensation:—

JULY 19, 1905.

My dear Garrison,—

I never signed any paper with more satisfaction than the address to you; and don't think any such document ever expressed more faithfully the real feelings of those who signed it. It is a further pleasure to know that the secret was so well kept to the last. For myself, may I again say that it is to me a most remarkable thing that you have been able for so many years to keep the literary side of the *Nation* at so exceptionally high a level. I doubt if there be any organ in England, or indeed perhaps in Continental Europe, whose reviews have been of such uniformly high excellence, and whose "note" department has been so interesting and helpful.

Always yours,

JAMES BRYCE.

During this period of forty years our classmate permitted himself a single vacation, worthy of the name, when, in 1884, he spent two months in Europe. He did not fancy travel overmuch, and his large circle of friends and acquaintances he held rather by his unwearied pen than by personal intercourse. Single-handed, almost, he made up each issue of the *Nation*, read all the proofs with meticulous care, and prepared an elaborate index to each volume. From this unceasing labor he managed to save time for his great work, the "Life of William Lloyd Garrison" (1885-89), a biography in four elaborate volumes, which, "with its scrupulous references, its wealth of citations, its fairness and candor," remains a model biography, and a reservoir of facts connected with the anti-slavery movement. In this he had the assistance of his brother, Francis Jackson Garrison. For ten years he devoted all his spare time to this monumental work, setting apart at least one day in each week to writing and the research it involved. A list of other works appearing from 1879 to 1904 is appended to this memoir.

The consequences of this daily treadmill are set forth in the following letter, which requires no further explanation:—

LLEWELLYN PARK, ORANGE, N.J., March 28, 1906.

My dear Wright,—

A Portland and a Boston paper, ringed for mention, failed to betray their source by the writing of the address. They will, however, serve to prompt

me—after thanking you for exposing the un-Christian narrowness and sectarianism of the Y. M. C. A.—to impart a piece of news I might have sent sooner had I known you to be returned from your Pacific Coast trip.

This disagreeable fact is, that having fallen off in flesh, strength, and nutrition for the better part of a year, I was forced to take counsel with myself as to the possibility of bearing my load longer in my vacationless way,—a way not of my own preference, but required by the circumstances of the office *and* my sense of what was required for conscientious editing of the *Nation*. The debate ended, speedily enough, in my deciding to make a clean break in my occupation, and to lay down the reins of the *Nation* at the end of the current volume in June; meantime to have myself looked over by a physician (who pronounced me organically quite sound if no longer young), and to begin to shorten my attendance at the office and seek the open air and sunlight on the hills, etc. I am already much better (even after a supererogatory attack of sciatica that both emaciated and crippled as well as excruciated me till I learned to handle it) and to-day face only four more numbers of the *Nation*, virtually already in type, before my emancipation takes effect. No public announcement has yet been made, and at the last I shall take leave in no more than twenty lines of valediction. The paper will go on under a double-headed management—there was no other recourse—and may in time undergo some little modification, but not before 1907.

I shall be a gentleman of leisure for a whole year, bound to serve nothing but my own inclination, and I shall begin about the middle of July a wandering to the shores of the Provinces and New England. Till the fine weather ends I shall be greatly in motion.

I might write a chapter on my feelings at this separation from my intellectual and spiritual companionship of forty-one years, but I will spare you the obvious. The loss is irreparable, whatever compensations are in store. Of my future occupation I shall take no great thought till my Odyssey is over. Many projects are in my mind, and some might easily mature but for my obligations to my family, my grandchildren particularly, and Lloyd's children above all; the boy is beginning with marked promise the education which should land him in Harvard, and in which I hope to have something of a guiding hand, and so would fain be near him.

Our friend Means, who sails for Europe in August, gives me another hearty bid to Middlebury, but I doubt if I shall go far inland this year. Before autumn I even decline to visit my daughter at her new house at Lake Forest, near Chicago; but we may meet on the Maine coast, perhaps.

So much for old friendship and your archives. . . .

Affectionate regards to your wife and children.

Yours always,

W. P. G.

The Odyssey which he proposed he began in July, at a low ebb of strength and spirits, breaking away from his family "lest he

should deliquesce like a jelly-fish." The joys of his new freedom turned out a receding mirage of disappointments. In a letter of October 29, while visiting his daughter in Lake Forest, he complains of inertia which forbids creative work. "For the moment," he writes, "'Mit schwarzen Segeln segelt mein Schiff,' or, in Carducci's fine rendering of Heine, 'Passa la nave mia con vele nere.'" Then follow flickerings of strength and weakness in the depleted system, the necessity of an examination and operation, defeated plans for work, and touching provisional good-byes. Just before Christmas, the present writer found him at Orange, in a state of mortal weakness, arranging the most thoughtful gifts for friends and acquaintances, with his own inexpugnable spirit of unselfishness. We read together the proofs of his final review of his old friend, Jean Jacques Rousseau. We parted with his brave *au revoir*—which we both felt was not to be,

"Dissimulando l' appressar del morte."

A memorial volume, entitled "Wendell Phillips Garrison: Letters and Memorials," was published in 1908, by the Houghton Mifflin Company. It contains many personal letters, a selection from his editorials and essays, some of his choicest sonnets, together with the letters and editorials connected with the Fortieth Anniversary. It is noteworthy that, while this Memorial received many cordial notices in our own journals, no appreciations were more extended and discriminating than those which appeared in the *Athenæum*, the *Manchester Guardian*, and other English newspapers of that high order. His career and talents were known and duly appraised in England. He was not merely a finished litterateur, with an equipment more French, perhaps, than English in its breadth and refinement; but his wide and varied reading had distilled into his thought and casual talk: his letters and his conversation were shot with threads and colors of allusion to the great masters or poets. In his sonnets and his weightier editorials he assumes the manner and diction of the man who is at home in the society of the Immortals. He exemplified, in truth, the meaning of that culture which is now so rarely breathed in the atmosphere of college or university, and the polish which is not to be imparted by the mechanic tools of

professors. He possessed the instinct for painstaking accuracy, the passion for finish and perfection, the sense of humor, as useful to the man of letters as to "the man of the world," which evades the pedant and the dullard, avoids tedious excess, and delicately steers its way to the golden mean. This endowment and training he brought to his post as helmsman of the *Nation*. They told upon its general tone and make-up in a fashion now almost obsolescent, when our journals and magazines are yielding to democratic tastes, in a region of Art where Democracy has nothing to say, and should learn instead of dictating. He frankly loathed the commercial methods which bid for the patronage of advertising, or would whet the appetite of a million readers with the smart phrases of vaudeville and the lingo of jail-birds.

This fastidious taste was buttressed, naturally, upon character and morals. Inheriting, as he did, a noble tradition of service to mankind, he assumed, in his own way, the obligation that was laid upon his conscience and his life; but his way was different from his father's. While adamant in his principles, and the duties he demanded from himself, he conceded to others in his intercourse a toleration, a flexible sympathy that might have surprised his college mates in the days when he was the leader of the protestants of Sixty-One—the founder of a reluctant temperance league, which might have been entitled "*The Teetotaler malgré lui.*"

Writing to an old contributor in 1906 he says: "I have tried to merit your eulogism—there could be no higher—where you speak of the liberty I have allowed to my co-laborers consistently with the ideals and traditions of the *Nation*. I have refused to make their judgments square with my prejudices or ignorance, or their style with my rhetorical notions. I have trusted them and they have lovingly responded. I thank you with emotion for permitting me to preserve this honorable tribute." Again: "Knowledge and judgment—not the lamp of opinion—determine my choice of reviewers. I try to avoid mutual-admiration reviews, to which our Unitarian brothers are rather prone. . . . In philosophy I go much further than my natural inclination, which would be to shut the door in the face of metaphysics. I affect to regard it as of importance and do the best I can in choice of reviewers. James's vivacious intellect I highly esteem, rank-

ing it much above his brother's: but his 'Will to believe' I have the least possible sympathy with.

" 'Nous sommes des animaux;
Voilà mon système.'

I wonder if Goldwin Smith could even re-read his early lectures to-day in the light of Darwinism. (I was with him at the time, I glanced at them, and I might have asked him.) Similar reflections arose in reading Clough's as in the case of the whole Oxford movement. What a waste of intellect!" And yet a short time before he had given *carte blanche* for an elaborate notice of Clough and his poetry! Here, certainly, is a revelation of editorial catholicity and flexibility. His scent for the best workman was as sure as his *flair* for the best book. Once found, he conceded to him the confidence—the free hand—due to the expert. He was no despot with the meddlesome blue pencil: he was exempt from the "foible of omniscience."

Admitting, with our classmate, that "we are all animals"—which is a simplified philosophy,—yet we must also admit a special differentiation in the *genus homo*: it blossoms out occasionally into "sports"—viz.: the Genius and the Saint. The Saint—the genuine Saint, usually uncanonized—may not be destined to immortality, but, at any rate, he deserves it. In an ideal Universe, for our good, he ought to live forever, dwelling with us on earth, like Swift's Struldbrugs (but exactly the opposite of these monsters)—a rare apparition born to diffuse blessings and to draw his fellow-creatures upward toward the millennium. To those who knew him best and most intimately our Garrison was a Saint, exactly after that pattern. He mixed in his temperament the feminine virtues with the masculine—he was capable of the great sacrifices, and the *petits soins*. He spared every one but himself—thought of every one but himself. He really went about doing good. He was also capable, as Saints ought to be, of a righteous *indignatio saevas*, when wrong and hypocrisy fell in his way. Truly, a rational, sweetly reasonable Saint he was, with a brain and an intellect, as well as emotions and a heart. One who visited his home in Orange might observe what household cares he assumed beside his daily grind as a Commuter—how snugly he fitted his niche, where the light still burns before

the *eikon*. He could spare few moments for the demands of society, but hours and days for the call of friendship, or for the impositions of quasi-friendship. He followed out all the winding and gracious by-paths of human-kindness. His letters "rained influence," or sent out waves round the globe, one might say, which drew responses of passionate gratitude from people he had never seen—from widows remembering him for their husbands' sake.

The remnant of the Class of Sixty-One have reason to recall his loyalty—his personal interest in each member, how faithfully he followed their fortunes and reported their doings. He almost divided with Wright the business of Secretary: his editorial office in New York was an information-bureau for classmates passing through the city.

J. H. McD.

NOTE.—The family record will be found in the Sixth Report.

List of Mr. Garrison's publications:—

"The Benson Family of Newport, R.I." (1872); "Life of William Lloyd Garrison" (4 vols.) (1885-89); "What Mr. Darwin Saw on his Voyage around the World" (1879); "Bedside Poetry" (1887); "The Mother's Register"; "A Parent's Assistant in Moral Discipline"; "Parables for School and Home" (1897); "Sonnets and Lyrics of the Ever-Womanly" (1898); "The New Gulliver" (1898); "Memoirs of Henry Villard" (edited) (1904).

* **William Yates Gholson.**

* **James Fortescue Giffen.**

* **Daniel Dudley Gilbert.** Died of pneumonia at his home in Roxbury, Mass., December 3, 1909. He traced his lineage back to Sir Humphrey Gilbert, a famous navigator and explorer (1539-83), and through Captain Daniel Gilbert, an officer in the Continental Army; and on his mother's side from Thomas Dudley, a former Governor of Massachusetts. His father, Dr. Daniel Gilbert, had an extensive practice in medicine and surgery in Brattleboro, Vt., but removed to Boston to educate his children.

Gilbert fitted for college at the Phillips Grammar and Public Latin Schools. He was a member of various college societies, the Rumford Natural History, and O. K. He was stroke of the Freshman crew which trained for a college regatta at Springfield in 1858, which was not rowed because of the death of one of the Yale men. In the summer of 1860 he visited, with Hardy, the Provinces, spending two weeks on Grand Menan Island, thence passing to St. John, Windsor, and Halifax, where they witnessed the landing of Baron Renfrew, afterwards King Edward VII., and through Northern Nova Scotia to the Minas Basin, returning to St. John on their way home.

After graduation Gilbert studied medicine under H. G. Clark, M.D., of Boston, and in March, 1862, received an appointment as Medical Cadet U. S. A., and was attached to the staff of Major-General Franklin as assistant to the Medical Director of the Sixth Corps, and later served in the hospitals at Washington, Frederick, Md., and Alexandria. On November 11, 1862, he was appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon U. S. N., and later was commissioned Assistant Surgeon, serving at the Naval Hospital at Chelsea, Mass., and then on the U. S. S. "Maratanza" of the North Atlantic Blockading Squadron. He resigned his commission August 16, 1864. After a few months' study in the Berkshire Medical College he received his M.D. degree and began the practice of his profession at 112 Concord Street, Boston.

In 1867 he moved to Upham's Corner, Dorchester, at which locality he resided during the remainder of his life.

Gilbert held high rank in his profession. He was on the staff of the Boston City Hospital, the Convalescent Home in Dorchester, and for a time Medical Examiner for Dorchester; was Consulting Surgeon at the Insane Asylum at Danvers, a member of the Boston School Board and the Loyal Legion.

He married, January 4, 1865, Amelia A. Stebbins, daughter of Isaac Stebbins of Chelsea.

His wife died May 15, 1900.

*** Ezra Palmer Gould.**

*** James Reeve Gould.**

Frank Warren Hackett. Still lives in Washington. Moreover, he continues to be as busy as the proverbial bee, both with tongue and pen. But let him speak for himself in these extracts from a communication to Wright:—

“Without affectation I can say that my life current has been peaceful and happy while engaged in the practice of my profession here in Washington, and passing a good long vacation each summer in a delightful home close to the ocean in New Castle, N.H. My eldest son Chauncey is a lawyer, occupying offices with me and doing well. William H. Y. is in the Harvard Law School.”

Hackett claims that he has an incurable habit of scribbling for the newspapers, and that Garrison permitted some of his book notices to appear in the *Nation*. He has also furnished articles for the *Harvard* and *Columbia Law Reviews*, “besides doing something in local history.”

He owns up to having delivered public addresses, and adds that at no time did the audience disperse until he had finished speaking. Among others the following survive in print: an address delivered in Portsmouth, May 28, 1903, at the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the naming of the city; on April 11, 1905, in response to a toast on the navy on “Less Talk and More Preparation”; on August 27, 1908, on the unveiling of a memorial tablet to Admiral Farragut at the Navy Yard in Portsmouth; and on September 6, 1910, on the fifth anniversary of the signing of the Treaty of Portsmouth, which closed the war between Russia and Japan.

In 1912 and 1913 he was President of the New Hampshire Historical Society.

In 1909 he published a volume entitled “Deck and Field,” a compilation of various addresses and papers on naval subjects, and in 1911 “Reminiscences of the Geneva Tribunal of Arbitration,” in which he emphasized the splendid services that Beaman rendered in the adjustment of the Alabama claims. This book was highly praised in this country and in Europe.

He is still practising law in Washington with his son Chauncey, Harvard '03, at 1219 Connecticut Avenue.

* **Albert Hale.** Died in Dedham, Mass., October 27, 1895. He was born in Newburyport, Mass., September 13, 1839. After

graduation he soon engaged in teaching. He was in charge of the High School in New Haven, Mass., in 1862-64; was Principal of the Girls' High School in Newburyport; was for seventeen years teacher in the English High School, Boston; then opened a private school in Boston, which he successfully conducted until his death.

He married, August 18, 1869, Miss Kate D. Wood, of Newburyport, who with his two children survived him.

(See Sixth Report.)

***Norwood Penrose Hallowell.** Died at his home in West Medford on April 11, 1914, of pneumonia. He was born in Philadelphia, April 13, 1839, the son of Morris Longstreth and Hannah Penrose Hallowell, members of the Religious Society of Friends.

He fitted for college at the Haverford Boarding School (Avon College), which he attended for two years. In college, as elsewhere, he was a leader. He was Class Orator, Chief Marshal at our twenty-fifth anniversary, and carried our banner at our semi-centennial celebration. He was a member of the Institute of 1770, the Hasty Pudding and Porcelian Clubs. On Memorial Day in 1896 he delivered the address in Sanders Theatre.

One of the first to leave college for the war, he enlisted on April 25 in the Fourth Battalion, Massachusetts Militia, and served with them at Fort Independence in Boston Harbor until the formation of the Twentieth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, receiving his commission as First Lieutenant on July 10, 1861, and on November 26 of that year was made Captain. He served with that regiment at the Battle of Ball's Bluff and through the Peninsular and Maryland campaign of 1862.

He was wounded at Glendale and later severely at Antietam, receiving injuries from which he never fully recovered.

When Governor Andrew decided to form the negro regiments in Massachusetts, he assigned Hallowell to the Fifty-fourth as Lieutenant-Colonel, but on May 30, 1863, gave him the command of the Fifty-fifth. This regiment took part in the assault of Fort Wagner, and was one of the first to enter the works at its surrender.

He resigned from the army November 9, 1863, because of "disability resulting from wounds received in action," and was

honorably discharged. He was engaged in the wool business for several years, first in New York, but in 1869 removed to Boston, locating his home in West Medford, in the house in which he lived until he died.

On January 11, 1887, he was elected Vice-President of the National Bank of Commerce in Boston, and on January 23, 1891, was made its President, retaining that office during the remainder of his life. As President, while its directors gave careful attention to its affairs, he dominated its policies, making it a strong, conservative, and successful institution, and preserved its independence, although the increasing tendency for bank consolidation was for years pressed upon him.

He was a member of the Loyal Legion (was its commander in 1903) and of the Massachusetts Military Historical Society. He was a Trustee of the Perkins Institute for the Blind, a Director of the Guarantee Company of North America, and President of the Board of Directors of the Middlesex School in Concord. He was a member of the Union Club of Boston, at one time its President. He was greatly pleased when, in 1912, he was elected an honorary member of the Harvard Varsity Club, to which only those who have won an H in athletics are entitled to membership, "as the loyal friend and follower of all athletic sports at Harvard." While not active in civic affairs, he was always ready to speak and act for his convictions. He was a constant and outspoken friend of the negro. He opposed the placing of a statue of General Lee in Statuary Hall in Washington, the erection of a statue to General Butler by the State of Massachusetts, the addition to the tablet in Memorial Hall of the names of Harvard men who died in the service of the Confederacy, and to all raids by pension bills on the United States Treasury.

For some years he passed his summers on Wing's Neck, in Bourne, Mass., where he enjoyed the mild and equable climate and found occupation and pleasure in fishing and riding through the pine woods near his cottage.

He married, January 27, 1868, Miss Sarah Wharton Haydock of New York, who, with three sons, all Harvard men, and three daughters, all married to Harvard men, survives him.

* **Joseph Bradford Hardon.** Died suddenly January 1, 1902. He taught, after his graduation, for three years, then entered business, first as a book-keeper and then as partner in the firm of C. A. Browning & Co., which was formed in 1875. In 1897 he retired from active business. He married Miss Alison N. Cleveland, of Philadelphia, who, with two sons, survived him.

(See Sixth Report.)

Alpheus Holmes Hardy. In 1903, representing the Real Estate Exchange, served on the committee which organized the Good Government Association in Boston, and was its first Treasurer.

In the same year he was appointed by Governor Bates on the Commission to inquire into the Condition of the Adult Blind in Massachusetts, serving with Miss Agnes Irwin, the Dean of Radcliffe College and Dr. E. M. Hartwell, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics of the City of Boston. The investigations of this commission extended over three years. It necessitated personal inspection of schools and institutions for the blind in Massachusetts, New York, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, and a large correspondence with similar agencies in other States, Canada, and England, and resulted in a report to the legislature which passed a law establishing a permanent commission in Massachusetts. In June, 1907, pursuant to a vote of the Class, visited Winchester, Va., and placed a Class wreath on the grave of our classmate, Eustis. In 1909 served on a joint committee of the various trade organizations of Boston, to consider and report on the advisability of accepting the new city charter. President Lowell presided at its meetings.

On August 26, 1912, quietly celebrated his golden wedding. On January 1, 1914, resigned as Trustee and Treasurer of Wellesley College, after twenty years' service, having meanwhile reorganized the administration of its property, real and personal.

Although he has retired from active business, he finds his time well occupied in the care of various trusts and in work on numerous committees. Is still living at 445 Beacon Street, with a summer place at Bourne, Mass.

* **William Augustus Holbrook.** Died in the Massachusetts General Hospital, April 30, 1911. He had been in failing health for a long time and retired from ministerial work in 1898. He was born in Boston, October 31, 1839, the third child of Edward Henry and Dorothy (Williams Smith) Holbrook.

Among his ancestors on his mother's side were William Williams, a signer of the Declaration of Independence (Harvard, 1751), and Ephraim Williams, the founder of Williams College.

After his graduation Holbrook studied for the ministry in the Theological Seminary at Gambier, Ohio, and was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church, July 11, 1864, and Priest in the following year, and began his service as Curate in Emmanuel Church in Boston, and later filled the same office in St. Paul's at Holyoke, at Salem, N.J., Scarsdale, N.Y., in Jersey City, and East Hampton, Mass. He was Curate in Trinity Parish, New York, and Vicar of Zion Church, New York, and St. Paul's in Boston. He assisted in the erection of churches in Holyoke, Mass., Lindon, N.J., and Orange Lake, Fla. He loved his chosen work and surrendered it regretfully.

While "simple about class and social aspirations," as Mrs. Holbrook writes, he was loyal to and deeply interested in his classmates and Class matters, and just before his death, anticipating the semi-centennial reunion, wrote on his sick-bed a poem, "A Swan Song" as Wright designated it, entitled the "Aeronauts."

Holbrook married in 1867 Miss Elizabeth Periam Bolles of Newark, N.J., who, with one daughter, Mrs. Herbert S. Y. Ruit, of St. John, N.B., survives him.

The funeral service was held at St. Paul's Church, Boston, Bishop Lawrence officiating.

Oliver Wendell Holmes. If the record of Holmes's life in the past ten years is brief, the explanation is found in the note to his autobiography in the Class Book: "I don't believe in gushing much in these college biographies. I think dry statements much better, also I am too busy." It is said in confirmation that up to May, 1913, he had delivered thirty-two opinions more than any other justice, and that they were short.

In 1909 he received the D.C.L. degree from Oxford, in 1910 J.U.D. from Berlin, in 1912 LL.D. from Williams.

At the semi-centennial of his Class in 1911 he delivered the address at the meeting of the Alumni Association, which was justly regarded as a classic. In February 15, 1913, he addressed the Harvard Law School Association of New York. In both of these addresses we find Holmes to be optimistic. He says: "I do not pin my dreams for the future to my country or even to my race. I think it probable that civilization, somehow, will last as long as I care to look ahead," and he confesses, even in the times in which we live, to a "faith in a universe not measured by our fears."

Holmes writes under date of July 31, 1914: "I have remained at work on my job, and worked harder than ever the last term, though the work comes easier with time. Address care United States Supreme Court, Washington, D.C."

*** John Prentiss Hopkinson.** Died at his home, 22 Craigie Street, Cambridge, on January 14, 1910, after an illness of several years. He was born in Lowell, Mass., October 18, 1840. His father was a lawyer, at one time Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and was President of the Boston & Worcester Railroad. His mother was Corrine A. Prentiss, of Keene, N.H. Her father was founder and editor for half a century of the *New Hampshire Sentinel*.

The Hopkinsons were descended from Michael Hopkinson, who came to Boston in the ship "Lyon" in 1631. Judge Hopkinson moved from Lowell to Boston in 1848, and 1855 to Cambridge, where he died in 1856.

John attended the Quincy School in Boston, the Boston Public Latin School, winning there a Franklin Medal.

After graduation, seeing no open road into business or banking, to which he was inclined, he taught in a grammar school in Watertown for a year, and for six years was an usher in Mr. E. S. Dixwell's Private Latin School. In 1868 he opened his own school for boys at 80 Charles Street; in 1872 he moved into the building in Boylston Place formerly occupied by Mr. Dixwell; and in 1889 relocated in a commodious and well-equipped house at 29 Chestnut Street, where he continued his work until he sold the school in 1906.

Few if any schools, public or private, sent so many well-

prepared youths to Harvard College. Hopkinson took a special and personal interest in backward boys. With them his personality and methods were helpful and stimulating. It was commonly said of such cases "Send him to 'Hoppy's,'" as the school was familiarly called. Its popularity was increased by its success in athletics, to which its fine gymnasium greatly contributed.

Hopkinson was a member of the Tavern, St. Botolph, and Union Clubs, but retained his membership in only the Union at the time of his death.

He married, January 22, 1865, Miss Mary Elizabeth Watson of New York City, who with their four children, Miss Leslie W. Hopkinson, Charles Sidney Hopkinson (1891 Harvard University), Mrs. Samuel A. Eliot, and Mrs. George P. Baker, survives him.

His funeral was held in the First Parish Church, Cambridge, on Sunday, January 16, 1910.

***Charles Edward Inches.** Died at his residence, 386 Beacon Street, on January 12, 1911. His death was sudden, although he had been a nervous invalid for many years.

He belonged to an old Boston family, was born at East Boston, August 31, 1840, the son of Charles and Harriet (Boit) Inches.

He fitted for college at Phillips Academy (Andover) and the Jamaica Plain High School. After graduation he entered the Harvard Medical School, received his M.D., and became a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society in 1865.

In July, 1862, after the Seven Days' Fight near Richmond, he gave his services to the sick and wounded on the Peninsula for several weeks. He served his time as interne in the Massachusetts General Hospital, and on April 7, 1865, was commissioned as Assistant Surgeon of the Thirty-seventh Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers. When that regiment was mustered out, he was transferred to the Twentieth Massachusetts Regiment, and served with it until August, 1865. In November of that year he was appointed physician to the North End Dispensary in Boston. Of late years he had not been in active practice, passing his time during the spring and autumn at his farm in Medfield, the summer at Bar Harbor, and the winter months at his home,

386 Beacon Street. He made many visits to Europe, the last in 1909, during which he was seriously ill.

He married in 1883 Miss Louise Pomeroy, of Troy, Pa., who survives him with two sons, Henderson (Harvard University, 1908), Charles Edward (Harvard University, 1909), and a daughter, Louise Brimmer.

He was a member of the Somerset and Country Clubs and of the Loyal Legion.

*** Alfred Perry Johnson.** Died June 29, 1894. After graduation he taught school for a year. On August 2, 1862, he enlisted as a private in the Forty-fourth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, and served until the regiment was mustered out in June, 1863. He graduated from the Andover Theological Seminary in 1865. His pastorates were in the West, where he did efficient and influential work in growing communities.

He married, December 3, 1867, Miss Terrie Shively of Marion, Ind., who with his three children survived him.

A full appreciation of his character and life work is given in the Sixth Report.

*** Thomas Henry Knowles.** Died in New Bedford, Mass., September 2, 1909. He was born in that city on September 12, 1837, the son of Thomas and May Keith Knowles. His mother was a direct descendant of Francis Eaton, who came over in the "Mayflower." He received his early education in the private and public schools of his native city, attending for a short time the Pierce Academy at Middleboro. In 1854 he entered his father's office, but in 1857 he decided to go to college, and completed his fitting at the Friends' Academy in New Bedford. Among his classmates there were Bullard, who was his chum in college, and Ogden Codman, also a college-mate. During the second term Junior, he took a sea voyage for his health, sailing first on his father's ship "Minerva," on which he cruised north of the Azores, "hunting whales." Later, by the ship "Rocklight," he reached Liverpool, and, after visiting London and Paris, returned to Boston in the steamship "City of Baltimore," and rejoined his Class at the beginning of the Senior year.

After his graduation he entered his father's office, and en-

gaged in the shipping and general mercantile business until the latter's death, when the business was gradually closed. His later interests were connected with cotton manufactures. He was one of the organizers of the City and Bristol Manufacturing Associations, cotton mills of New Bedford, and in 1895 was President of both corporations. He was Vice-President of the Merchants National Bank, a Director of the Hathaway & Acushnet Mills, the New Bedford Gas and Edison Light Company, the Bristol County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, and the Mellin's Food Company. He was elected to the Common Council in 1867, and to the Board of Aldermen in 1881.

Because of his sound judgment and business ability, he secured and held the confidence and respect of his fellow-citizens.

He married, first, October 16, 1872, Mary Howland; their son, Henry Swift, survives him. On September 12, 1890, he married, secondly, Anna Deblois Swift, who, with a daughter Sylvia, also survived him.

In college he was a member of the Institute of 1770, the Natural History Society, the O. K., and was at one time Editor of the *Harvard Magazine*.

*** Charles Duncan Lamb.**

*** Thomas Joseph Leavitt.**

David Francis Lincoln. Has made no additions to the last report. He is still living at 84 Myrtle Street, Boston, and may often be found in a cosy corner at the Boston Athenæum. In 1901 he published "Sanity of Mind: A Study of Conditions and Means to its Development and Preservation."

Joseph Hetherington McDaniels. Is still at Hobart College. He resigned his professorship in May, 1911, but in June was made professor emeritus, and as such his name still appears in the college catalogue.

In 1907 he visited Italy, Greece, and Switzerland, and for the winter of 1910-11 took a villa at Alassio, where he found a charming and congenial circle of friends. Among them was "a poet, an artist, who was also an ex-surgeon of the Indian Army, an

Italian priest, by profession an instructor in the classics, an exquisite nobleman from Milan, a British vice-admiral, and a retired railway president, with a fancy for Plato, Greek Art, and Literature." This experience has induced him to spend his winters in Alassio, but he returns each summer for the Commencement at Geneva.

He writes August 22, 1914, "I had intended spending the coming winter in the same place, and had engaged the same villa, but naturally now the prospect is very uncertain." The winter of 1914-15 was passed in Florida.

Regarding his resignation he wrote to Wright: "I could not guarantee immunity from further attacks (of bronchitis) which might necessitate further favors to the disadvantage of my colleagues and my own department.

"The temptation to remain was very strong for a man who knew more about his work than ever before, I hated to write *Finis*, but it struck me on reflection that this might be the time to retire when some might miss me and regret my going."

He adds that from time to time he has published a number of articles which might fill a couple of volumes if collected, but has refrained from publishing because his genuine work was teaching. He compiled and edited the "Letters and Memorials of Wendell Phillips Garrison"—to which he wrote an introduction.

His present address is Geneva, N.Y.

James Rundlet May. Was born in Portsmouth, N.H., the son of George Hall May, of Savannah, Ga., and Louisa Catherine Rundlet May, and is a descendant of John May of Mayfield, who settled in Boston in 1640. He was fitted for college at Phillips Exeter Academy, and assisted, with Hackett and Senter, to form the "advanced" class of that school in a course of Freshman studies, a class which, in one of its terms, was composed of these three only. His father died in 1858. At the close of the war May returned to Portsmouth, the home of his mother's family, and has since resided there. He has, within a few years, made two voyages to Italy, crossing in January, 1908, with Chauncey and Hopkinson, and being in frequent companionship with them during that winter. In 1913-14 he passed several months at Rapallo, on the Riviera, a few hours distant from Alassio, where

McDaniels was then established at his "Villa Rachéle," embowered in roses and the centre of a delightful colony of English and Italians. Here May found him in the early spring, and lingered there awhile in enjoyment of his most kind hospitalities. May has not been in active practice of his profession. He has been largely interested in charitable work, to which he continues to give attention, being president of the New Hampshire Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals and an officer of many others helpful to his community. He is happy in the knowledge that he has missed few Commencements, and in the belief that Time is drawing still more closely around us who yet remain the bonds of Sixty-One.

*** George Hart Mumford.**

*** Scollay Parker.** Died in New York, March 29, 1909. He was born in Brunswick, Ga., February 25, 1839, the son of William and Lucy Cushing (Whitwell) Parker. His father was a prominent engineer, being Superintendent at different times of the Boston & Worcester, Baltimore & Ohio, and Boston & Lowell Railroads.

His ancestors date back to Elisha Parker, who came from England in 1670, and were men of marked distinction. His mother was a granddaughter of William Scollay of Boston, for whom Scollay Square was named.

He fitted for college at the Boston Public Latin School.

After graduation he studied for two years at the Harvard Medical School. On September 6, 1863, he was commissioned Acting Assistant Surgeon in the United States Navy, and reported to Admiral Porter of the Mississippi Squadron, and was assigned to U. S. S. "Glaucus," then on convoy duty on the Atlantic coast and the West Indies. In January, 1865, he was transferred to the "Isonomia," which soon went out of commission. While awaiting orders he attended medical lectures in New York, and in February, 1866, was assigned to the U. S. S. "Yuca" of the Gulf Squadron. In that year he received his M.D. degree at Harvard, and in February, 1867, became Acting Passed Assistant Surgeon U. S. N., and was honorably discharged in January, 1868.

He then spent about eighteen months in the service of the Panama Railroad, of which his father was Superintendent, and in

September, 1870, began the practice of his profession in Portland, Ore. In 1873 he was in Sitka, Alaska, as Acting Assistant Surgeon in charge of Russians and Indians, and then for a year as Surgeon of the Meigs Railways in Peru; but returned to East Portland, Ore., in 1876, removing later to Portland, where, in 1884, he opened a drug business, practically abandoning general practice.

Suffering from illness contracted during his service in the navy, he moved to New York after thirty years' sojourn on the Pacific coast. With his wife and stepson he took an apartment at 183 West 97th Street, where he died.

He married Mrs. Susan M. Cuyler of New Orleans, in San Francisco in 1883, who, with his mother in good health at the age of ninety-eight, survives him.

*** William Henry Pettee.** Died in Ann Arbor, Mich., of heart disease, May 26, 1904.

He was the son of Otis and Matilda Pettee. His father was a manufacturer of cotton cloth and of machinery for cotton mills at Newton Upper Falls. Pettee was born in Newton, Mass., on January 13, 1838. In his youth he was physically frail and of a nervous temperament, given to books rather than to sports.

For the benefit of his health he worked one winter in the machine shop, in the mill of which his father was Superintendent. With the exception of one term in a private academy at Holliston, Mass., his schooling was confined to the schools, public and private, in Newton. He had no definite purpose of entering college, but in July, 1857, determined to do so and, studying with Mr. Hunt, recently Head Master of the Newton High School, entered with his Class without conditions.

In college he roomed with McDaniels, leading "a Darby and Joan kind of life" to which "his serenity, his cheeriness, his kindly, even temperament, his sense of justice and generosity," greatly contributed. He was a member of the Institute of 1770, the Rumford Society, of which he was at one time President, the Natural History Society, the O. K., and Φ B K.

After graduation he remained at Harvard for more than three years, studying Engineering in the Lawrence Scientific School, taking a special course in Mineralogy, and teaching some of the lower classes.

In 1865 he went to Europe and studied at the Royal Saxon Mining Academy at Freiberg, visiting in his vacations the mines of Germany.

In 1865 he returned to Harvard and resumed teaching. In 1869 he was appointed Instructor in Mining in the School of Mining and Practical Geology, and in 1870 Assistant Professor of Mining under Professor J. D. Whitney. When this school was restricted to the teaching of Geology, Pettee retained his title and during the year 1874-75 taught the Freshman class in Algebra and Geometry.

In 1875 the School of Mines was established at the University of Michigan, and the chair of Mining Engineering was offered to Professor Pettee. In the autumn of 1875 he moved to Ann Arbor, where under various titles he conducted the work of his department until his death.

Of his work we find testimony that "no instructor was more ready to give of his time both in and out of the class-room to assist students to become acquainted with his favorite subject." He edited the university calendar and rendered other and valuable services both to the University and the State. The University senate resolved at his death "that for nearly thirty years . . . he was scrupulously attentive to every official duty, thoroughly interested in all university affairs, courteous, firm and wise. Of a genial nature, refined sensibilities and wise culture he early won the respect and affection of his colleagues and held them steadily to the end."

In 1903 he writes to both McDaniels and Wright of a "break-down," but he so arranged his work as to be in the class-rooms as formerly, and he met with his classes, and performed all college duties up to the close of the day before his death.

Pettee was a member of many scientific societies, both local and national, and served as a member of the United States Assay Commission in 1880.

He married, July 8, 1874, Miss Sybil A. Clarke of Newton Upper Falls, Mass., who with his only child, a daughter, survives him.

*** Samuel Dunn Phillips.**

* **Henry Pickering.** Died in Boston, June 4, 1907, after a surgical operation which was not expected to be at all serious.

He was born in Boston, February 3, 1839, the only son of Octavius and Jane (Pratt) Pickering. His father was a lawyer and for eighteen years the Reporter of Decisions for the Supreme Court of Massachusetts (Harvard College, 1810). His most distinguished ancestor was his grandfather, the Hon. Timothy Pickering (Harvard College, 1763), a soldier of high rank in the Revolutionary War, who was in turn Postmaster-General, Secretary of War, and Secretary of State under Washington, and later a United States Senator. His mother was of English birth.

After his father finished his work as Reporter of Decisions, the family went to England, where they remained seven years. During this time Pickering attended various schools for short periods. On his return to this country he attended Mr. C. M. Vinson's School in Jamaica Plain from 1849 to 1854, and then for two years studied at Newton Centre, under Dr. Samuel F. Smith, the author of "America." In 1856 his father moved to Cambridge, where he prepared for college under Mr. Ansel Lambert.

In college he took high rank, and was a member of the Φ B K, but a constitutional reticence and shyness prevented his sharing largely in social life and debarred him from athletic sports.

After graduation he studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1865. He had studied in the office of E. S. Rand, Esq., a prominent conveyancer, and later in the office of Hon. J. G. Abbott, devoting himself specially to conveyance of real estate, and in November, 1865, opened an office at 30 Court Street as a conveyancer. In 1867 he deserted law for business, and entered the firm of Horace McMurtrie & Co., dealers in engines and general machinery. After the great fire of 1872, the name of the firm was changed to Hill, Clark & Co., and located at 156-162 Oliver Street. With them he was an active partner until January, 1895, when he retired, but retained an interest in the business as a silent partner for nine years and a desk in their office as a convenience until his death.

He was the Treasurer of the Brainard Milling Company from its incorporation in 1871 until it was sold in 1899. As a business

man he developed marked ability and a conscientious attention to details.

He was Treasurer of the Children's Mission for thirty-three years, and to it gave freely of his means and time.

Travelling was his greatest pleasure. He visited Europe several times. He strayed east to Egypt and west to the Yellowstone Park.

Interested in the cause of peace, he was a regular attendant at the conferences at Lake Mohonk. His love of music made him an annual subscriber to the Symphony concerts, and the St. Botolph Club fostered his love of art.

On October 11, 1864, he married Miss Mary Goddard Wigglesworth, a sister of his classmate, who survives him. They had no children.

*** George Herman Powers.** Died on May 4, 1913. He was born in Boston on June 13, 1840, of Herman and Catherine (Carter) Powers.

He fitted for college in the public schools in Chelsea, to which city his family moved in 1845.

Although his medical studies were interrupted by his service as Assistant Surgeon of the Sixtieth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, he received his M.D. from the Harvard Medical School in 1865.

While in college he was prominent in musical circles. He was one of the organizers of the Harvard Glee Club, and its Conductor during his Junior and Senior years. He was a member of the famous Chickering Club of Boston. He was Organist at Park Street Church in Boston and Musical Director of the Second Church in Dorchester. After his removal to San Francisco he was for twenty years Organist of St. Paul's Church, San Rafael. His love of music greatly enriched both his family and social life. During his service with the Sixtieth Regiment, he contracted a serious malarial fever, to which he attributed the beginning of that deafness which increased with advancing years and greatly lessened his power to enjoy music. In 1866 he went to California and began practice as an oculist and aurist. He was appointed Professor of Diseases of the Eye, Ear, and Throat in the Tolland Medical College in San Francisco, and, when that

school affiliated with the University of California, was made Professor of Ophthalmology and Otology in its Medical Department. He was Visiting Oculist at St. Luke's and St. Mary's Hospitals and Consulting Surgeon at the City and County Hospital and the Southern Pacific Railroad Hospital Association. His judgment and skill, especially in operations for cataract, gave him a national reputation. He made numerous contributions to medical literature, and invented the bifocal lens for eyeglasses.

In Powers the serious and genial were happily blended. He was greatly beloved by his associates, was generous in his professional services to those in need, was a devoted churchman and a public-spirited citizen. He was active in the efforts to secure for San Francisco the Canal Exposition, which were successful.

Powers was for many years Treasurer and Vestryman of St. Luke's Church, San Francisco; was a member of the Loyal Legion and Grand Army of the Republic, of the Bohemian, University, Pacific Union, and Loring Clubs, of the American Medical Association, and various local societies.

Two weeks before he died, to obtain absolute rest, he moved to Detroit, to be near a married daughter, hoping that life might be prolonged, but the end of a useful, honored life soon came.

Powers married in Sacramento on July 30, 1872, Cornelia Janet Chapman of New Haven, Conn., who survives him with four children: Katherine, the wife of Edward R. Chapman of Detroit; George Herman, a successful oculist of Boston; Allan Raymond, a practising physician of Rio Vista, Cal., and Ruth, unmarried, living with her mother in Detroit.

* **Benjamin Rand.** Did not receive the A.B. degree, but graduated from the Law School in 1865, receiving his LL.B. in course.

(See First Report.)

* **James Holton Rice.** Died in Springfield, Mass., August 9, 1907. He was born in Brighton, Mass., September 14, 1839, the son of Edmund and Martha (Fletcher) Rice. He enlisted in the army, July 27, 1861, as a private, but on August 28 was mus-

tered in as First Lieutenant, Company F, Nineteenth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers.

He participated in the battles of Ball's Bluff, West Point, and Fair Oaks, and on June 25, 1862, was severely wounded at Oak Grove, Va. In September he was commissioned as Captain, and from December, 1862, to June, 1863, was on recruiting service in Boston. On June 24 he was transferred to the Veteran Reserve Corps as Captain of the Thirty-third Company, First Battalion, and later was assigned to Company C, Fifth Regiment, of the same corps, and was employed in guarding prisoners at Camp Morton, Indianapolis. Because of efficient service on courts-martial he was admitted to the Indianapolis bar in 1864.

In 1866 he was Chief Superintendent of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen, and Abandoned Lands for the sub-district of Lexington, Ky.

On January 22, 1867, he was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Forty-fourth Infantry, U. S. A. About a month later he was severely wounded by so-called "regulators while attempting an arrest."

He served some months as Military Commissioner under the Reconstruction Acts, and in 1870 as Judge Advocate of a general court-martial held at Richmond, Va.

In May, 1869, he was promoted and commissioned as First Lieutenant, and transferred to the Seventeenth Infantry, U. S. A. He was retired December 23, 1873, "for disability the result of disease contracted in the line of duty."

He was brevetted First Lieutenant U. S. A., March 2, 1867, "for gallantry in front of Richmond, Va.," and on same date as Captain U. S. A., "for meritorious service during the war," and on March 13, 1865, as Major and Lieutenant-Colonel U. S. V., "for faithful and meritorious services during the war."

Returning to his early home, he was for some years Clerk and later Special Justice of the Municipal Court of the Brighton District, Boston. From 1884 to 1893 he was in the employ of the General Government as Special Pension Examiner, first in Pennsylvania, but chiefly in Connecticut, and then for three years Adjuster of the Travellers' Insurance Company, and more

recently became officially connected with a woven hose company. In 1901 he retired from active business.

He was twice married: first, to Miss Clara Given of Boston, March 7, 1863, who died December 13, 1878, and, secondly, May 19, 1887, to Margaret E. Graham of Northbridge, Mass., who with two of his children, a son and a daughter, survives him.

He was a member of the Grand Army and of the Massachusetts Commandery of the Loyal Legion.

*** Frank Thornton Richardson.**

John Ritchie. Writes that during the past ten years he has greatly enjoyed excursions, by sail or power boats, along our southern coasts. He has passed by canal, creek, or river from New York to the Gulf of Mexico and into the Mississippi River, fishing and exploring creeks and bayous and at one time the Dismal Swamp of Eastern Virginia.

In 1910, in a power boat, he cruised among the sea islands of South Carolina and the sounds of Georgia and Florida, visiting many places which he had first seen during the Civil War while a member of the Fifty-fourth Massachusetts Regiment.

In 1904, with his wife, he visited her parents' home in the Fatherland and made excursions in Holland and the Hartz Mountains.

In 1903 he writes: "I visited the Putnam and Bowditch Camp in the Keen Valley, where I had learned to know our classmate Bowditch more intimately than in former years. His sweet temper and geniality shone out more conspicuously in the freedom and abundance of camp life."

He also writes that, "aside from these excursions, I have lived quietly in Boston, but have retained my interest in civic and reform organizations, noted in the Fifth Report, but I am not a member of the American Academy, as stated therein. I have been confounded with my cousin, to whom that honor belongs.

"With my advancing years I have not been as active in politics as formerly. My fiddle industry has suffered because of poor eyesight, which, with failing strength, has obliged me to drop bicycling and my membership in the League of American Wheelmen and the Boston Athletic Association."

He claims, in his letter to Wright, to be still "*mens sana in corpore sano*," and states that his religious belief is still of a negative quality, and adds that, "believing and practising the precepts of the Greek orators of not commemorating victories of a civil war, he has never drawn a pension or joined the Grand Army or Loyal Legion.

At the Semi-centennial Memorial Day Exercises at Cambridge Ritchie was present, but was careful to announce, in defence of his principles, that this was the first occasion of the kind that he had attended since the close of the war.

*** Thomas Rodman Robeson.** Lieutenant-Colonel Charles F. Morse of the Twentieth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, in an address delivered at Cambridge on Memorial Day, 1914, told of Robeson that at Gettysburg on July 3 when in command of the skirmish line, and, seeing one of his men fall, wounded and lying in an exposed position, Robeson went forward, brought the man in and placed him in a safe shelter, returning uninjured, although exposed to a severe fire. In the English Army this would probably have won for him the Victoria Cross. When the regiment charged a few moments later Robeson fell, mortally wounded.

*** Charles Christie Salter.**

Edward William Sanborn. Writes that there is nothing of interest to add to the last report. He was a second time married, January 11, 1897, to Miss Anna M. Sargent of Boston.

Wesley Caleb Sawyer. It will be recalled that at the battle of Newbern, N.C., 1862, Sawyer had his left leg shot away just above the knee. He suffered much in after years from what he describes, in a letter to Powers, as "footache," and after forty-four years of trial a second amputation was made close to the thigh with the hopes that he might receive a new lease of life for the prosecution of his chosen profession. The operation was successfully performed on December 20, 1905.

His wife writes, August 10, 1914, that because of failing health he moved about three years ago from College Park to Berkeley,

Cal., to be near two of his children; that he is able to move about the house freely, and goes out to drive on pleasant afternoons.

Joseph Herbert Senter. Is still living in Portland, Me., but is not engaged in any regular occupation. In the summer of 1906 he made a journey to Europe, visiting Switzerland, and in 1910 was again in Europe. This trip extended as far north as Edinburgh and south to Rome. In 1909 he made a two weeks' trip to Bermuda, sailing from Portland. His sister, with whom he is living, was his companion in all his wanderings.

He is a regular attendant at Class meetings, and keeps fully informed of all Class interests, as his letters to Wright testify.

*** Carleton Atwood Shurtleff.**

*** Hiram Smith Shurtleff.** Died of consumption December 11, 1893. After graduation he studied law, and on January 21, 1864, was commissioned First Lieutenant in the Fifty-sixth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, and served with it during the Wilderness and Petersburg campaigns. He was Captain, July 7, 1864, and served to the end of the war.

In 1866 he was Assistant Clerk of the Superior Criminal Court in Suffolk County. In July, 1885, he was Superintendent of Out-door Poor, and held the office until his death.

He never married.

*** Herbert Sleeper.**

*** William Franklin Snow.**

*** Albert Stetson.** Died in Los Angeles, Cal., December 26, 1909. He was born in Kingston, Mass., August 6, 1834. After a varied experience in handicraft, teaching, and study, he finally fitted for college at Phillips Exeter Academy, and in 1858 came to Cambridge with a certificate of fitness to enter the Freshman class, but after a determined "cram" of six weeks in September he entered as Sophomore. After his graduation he was for a year Principal of the High School in Provincetown, and in 1862

became connected with the Illinois Normal University, near Bloomington, to which he gave unstinted devotion for twenty-five years, holding for most of the time the Professorship of English Literature and Modern Languages. He was Secretary of the Illinois State Teachers' Association and Editor of the *Illinois Teacher and Schoolmaster*, a journal largely devoted to the interests of the Normal University.

In 1878 he, with his wife, went to Europe, and spent four months in foreign travel. Later, finding that he needed a change, he established himself in the real estate business in Los Angeles, Cal., and in 1890 became Secretary of the California Street Cable Company in San Francisco, of which his cousin, James B. Stetson, was President. This position he held for eleven years, and was "a dominant factor" in its management, and "always an interested observer in the trend of modern traffic conditions." About six months before his death he called on Powers in San Francisco and told him that he had recently sold land at a sufficient profit to make him independent. Powers adds, "The papers speak most strongly of his business side, but in his conversation he seemed to take most pleasure in reminiscences of his work as a teacher."

Stetson was the son of Joseph and Hannah (Bryant) Stetson, and a descendant of Robert, called "Cornet" Stetson, a noted man in Plymouth County, who held many offices of trust and responsibility. His father's mother was a Brewster, a descendant of Elder William Brewster, who was the religious leader of the "Mayflower" Pilgrims.

He married, June 29, 1864, Miss Margret E. Osband, of Bloomington, Ill., who was one of his associates in the faculty of the Normal School. She died in the winter of 1895-96. Their only child, Mrs. Frank B. Sturge, survives him.

James Kent Stone. Has not been heard from.

* **Richard Stone.** Died August 14, 1914, of heart disease, at his summer residence in Manchester-by-the-Sea. He was born in Newburyport, Mass., May 23, 1840, the son of Richard and Mary G. (Atkins) Stone, of whom he was the third and youngest child.

In 1903 he sold his house on Chestnut Street, and for three years lived in various places in Boston and its immediate vicinity, and in 1906 located at 365 Marlboro Street, which was his winter home at the time of his death. He had for some years had heart trouble, which necessitated quiet and careful living. His death was entirely unexpected, was without suffering, and spared him from the long and painful illness which, from the nature of his disease, was inevitable.

With his son, Robert Bowditch Stone, he continued the general practice of law up to the time of his death.

His disabilities prevented his taking any active part in civic affairs, but his home life was ideally affectionate and happy, his four grandchildren giving him the greatest enjoyment and happiness.

His wife and four children survive him.

Charles Storrow. Storrow's love for European travel has still continued. With his wife, and his daughter until her marriage, he crossed the Atlantic in every year from 1903 to 1914, inclusive, visiting England, France, Belgium, Holland, Denmark, Norway, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Sicily. In 1910 he made an extensive trip to Egypt, Palestine, Constantinople, Greece. Palm Sunday was spent on the Sea of Galilee, Easter Sunday at Jerusalem, and the Greek Easter, exactly five weeks later, at Athens. The Passion Play at Oberammergau on May 16 and the funeral of Edward the Seventh at London, four days later, were two notable events of that trip. In 1912 Algeria and Egypt, and in 1914 Algeria, Tunisia, and three months in Spain, were the special features of interest.

At the outbreak of the European war they were detained in Switzerland till a somewhat eventful trip across France to England made possible a safe Atlantic crossing, his forty-sixth.

His only daughter was married, April 30, 1906, to Dr. Francis Parkman Denny (Harvard, 1891) of Brookline, Mass., and they have two children. He has now six grandchildren living, the eldest a Senior at Harvard and the youngest a year old.

In May, 1909, he gave up active business, remaining as a special partner in the firm which he founded in 1867.

His address is Exchange Building, 53 State Street, Boston.

* **Flavel Coolidge Stratton.** Died of heart disease July 24, 1906. He was born in Cambridge, February 14, 1840, the son of Ira and Martha (Coolidge) Stratton. He studied at various schools, and finally at the Cambridge High School. After graduation was in business in Evansburg, Pa., was at one time with Belding, Keith & Co., bankers of Lombard Street, London, and again with Giddings, Torrey & Co. of Boston. Later he was in the dry goods business in Erie, Pa., and during Lee's invasion of that State enlisted in a company of home guards, but there is no record of his having been mustered into the service of the United States. He returned to Cambridge in 1875, retired from business, travelled at times to various summer resorts. He was a man of literary tastes and had a fine library. He was never married.

* **Sidney Warren Thaxter.** Died of cancer of the liver in Portland, Me., November 10, 1908.

His autobiography in the Class Book simply records his birth, "I was born in Bangor, Me., on the 8th of September, 1839." He was the son of Sidney (and Sophronia Chase) Thaxter, a merchant of that city. He fitted for college in the Bangor public schools.

After his graduation, with a younger brother he was in the grain and flour business in Bangor, but on September 10, 1861, enlisted in the First Maine Cavalry, and was appointed Second Lieutenant October 19, First Lieutenant October 31, Captain March 24, 1862, and Major June 18, 1863. He was honorably discharged with that rank November 5, 1864, by reason of expiration of term of service.

He was ordered to take charge of time-expired men who were to be sent home, but, learning that a movement was contemplated, he asked for release from his orders, and volunteered as aid on the staff of General Smith, then commanding the cavalry brigade, and in the operations which followed the records of the War Department testify that he participated in the battles on the Weldon Road with "conspicuous gallantry." For this voluntary service he received the Congressional Medal of Honor.

The casualties among the field and staff officers of his regiment

often gave Thaxter the command, especially during the latter part of his service. He was twice wounded.

On his return to civil life he resumed his interest in the grain business, first in Bangor, for ten years, and then from 1874 to his death in Portland, where he soon won high standing among commercial men. For a quarter of a century he was a public man, though in a private station. He was a student of books and affairs, intelligent, alert, and broad-minded. In politics he was a Republican, "though a protesting one." He kept close watch on municipal affairs and general politics, throwing the weight of his acknowledged influence as his judgment dictated.

He was a member of the Economic Club and for a time its President, of the Fraternity, Church, and Harvard Clubs, of which latter he was President in 1908. In 1891 he was the Commander of the Maine Commandery of the Loyal Legion. For many years he was actively interested in the Maine General Hospital, and was President of its Board of Directors at the time of his death.

Thaxter married, first, Miss Laura May Farnham, November 13, 1866, who died June 25, 1880, and, secondly, Julia St. Felix Thom, June 7, 1882.

They had children—Sidney St. Felix (Harvard, 1904), born March 4, 1883; Langdon Thom, born June 12, 1889—who, with his wife, survived him. His second son, Philip Reynaud, born May 20, 1885, died in infancy. In June, 1888, they adopted a child, naming him Alan.

After Thaxter's death, a classmate wrote that a few years before he met with an accident on his yacht,—the boom, swinging over, broke some ribs and injured his liver; and of his funeral: "The church was filled with a large audience, testifying to the respect and esteem in which he was held by all that knew him. It is seldom that you find a man so universally loved as Sidney was." In the obituary notice of the Maine Commandery we find the estimate of him as soldier and citizen:—

His calm mental habit, his thoroughness of observation and accuracy of statement, his power of grouping facts in true perspective would have made him an admirable chief of staff in large operations, while his coolness of judgment in forming even rapid resolutions, and vigor of execution were such as would befit a general in the field. . . . He stood for righteousness, private and public, the type of noble manhood in every relation of life.

***Leslie Waggener.** Died August 19, 1896. He was born in Trenton, Ky., September 11, 1840. He graduated from Bethel College, Ky., in 1860, and entered Harvard in the fall of that year as a Senior. In June, 1861, he enlisted in the Fifth Kentucky, C. S. A., and served through the war. He was several times wounded, and at Shiloh left for dead.

He was Principal of the Preparatory Department of Bethel College in 1867 and in 1875 President of the college. In 1883 he was called to the University of Texas, and for ten years was Chairman of the Faculty.

He married, June 27, 1867, Miss Fannie Pendleton of Upland, Pa., who with seven children survived him.

(See Sixth Report for full sketch of his life and publications.)

***Joseph Howe Wales.** Died suddenly at Peterboro, N.H., September 15, 1907. He was born in Boston, November 11, 1840, the son of Thomas B. and Maria (Howe) Wales.

His paternal grandfather and great-grandfather were graduates of Harvard in 1795 and 1768 respectively. An uncle, Henry Ware Wales, was graduated in 1838, and at his death in 1850 left his valuable German and Sanscrit library to the university.

His ancestors lived in Randolph until 1800, when his grandfather came to Boston and established the firm of T. B. Wales & Co., which maintained an honorable position among the business houses of that city for nearly seventy years as ship-owners and East India merchants.

After graduation he was in business in New York with the firm of Wales & Crocker, and after the death of his partner he returned to Boston, and on January 1, 1866, was admitted as a partner in his father's firm, continuing with it until its dissolution in 1871, when his active business career closed.

In college Wales was a member of the famous Harvard crew, rowing the bow oar in nine races, of which Harvard won eight. He was Chief Marshal of the Class, and in 1860 had the honor of receiving His Royal Highness, Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, afterward King Edward VII., as a visitor to his college room.

His first wife was Miss Isabelle Webbe of Boston. They were married December 5, 1861. She died January 23, 1878, leaving a daughter, who survived him. In 1881 he married Sarah E.

Campbell of Oswego, N.Y., who died suddenly on July 7, 1905, at their summer home in Peterboro.

They were a deeply devoted couple. A classmate writes that Wales told him after his wife's death "that they had not been separated a day for twenty-six years, and that life was now for him a blank." On Thursday, September 12, he was in Boston, seemingly in his usual good health, but was suddenly attacked with what seemed to be indigestion. On Friday he returned to Peterboro much better, but died on Sunday of heart disease.

In his will Wales left a trust of \$10,000 to be used to aid persons in reduced circumstances.

James Putnam Walker. Was President of the "James Walker Company," Bangor, Me. This company was proprietors of the Basin Mills, Orono, Me., which were burned in the summer of 1910, since which time he has been practically out of business.

During the winter of 1913-14 he was at Hot Springs, Ark., for treatment for rheumatism, but reports himself, August 17, 1914, at Searsport, Me., for the summer and in good health. His present address is P. O. Box 412, Bangor, Me., with an office at 96½ Exchange Street. His wife died January 19, 1915.

* **Franklin Weld.** Was drowned in Loch Lomond, N.B., August 28, 1898.

He was born April 17, 1841, at Baltimore, Md. His business interests were largely in the South. In 1886 he was President of the Albemarle & Chesapeake Canal Company.

His summer home was at Falmouth, Mass., where he had large real estate holdings.

He married, February 7, 1865, Loretta M. Barton of Buffalo, who with four children survived him.

(See Sixth Report.)

Stephen Williams Whitney. Writes under date of August 25, 1914, that he would like to get into the "Friar Tuck" with some classmate, row up to the "Oneida" boat-house, and make up a crew from some of the remaining members of the Class. A nephew will graduate from Harvard next year, Benjamin Perry

Whitney, son of his brother Benjamin. He makes no mention of his interests or activities during the past ten years.

* **Edward Wigglesworth.** Died of apoplexy at Boston, January 23, 1896. He was born December 30, 1840. For eight months after graduation he was in the Harvard Medical School. In September, 1862, he enlisted as a private in the Forty-fifth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, and was made Hospital Steward, and served with the regiment until it was mustered out in July, 1863. In 1864 he was Volunteer Surgeon with the Army of the Potomac. He received his M.D. in 1865.

In 1866 he went to Berlin to acquire German and attend medical lectures. After five years' absence he returned to Boston and began practice. A full account of his rise to eminence in his specialty, his publications and usefulness, are given in the Sixth Report.

* **George Franklin Works.** Died of heart disease in Woodstock, Conn., April 28, 1904.

His personal record in the Class Book gives simply the date of his birth, December 18, 1839, his entering and graduation from college. Sickness interrupted his college course during the Senior year, and for a few months he was in Fitchburg, reading law in the office of C. H. B. Snow.

After graduation he enlisted as a private in the Fifty-third Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, a nine months' regiment, which was attached to the Nineteenth Army Corps, and which lost about one-quarter of its men in its short service. This included the long marches and battles of the Port Hudson campaign, in which his brother, also a member of the Fifty-third, died.

In the autumn of 1863 he taught school for a few weeks, studying law at the same time, in Eaton, Preble County, Ohio. Sickness in the family at home compelled his return, and he recommenced the study of law in Fitchburg. In 1864 he was Principal of a grammar school in that city. In 1872 he was engaged in the insurance business, having an office in the Sears Building, Boston, living in Fitchburg in the summer and in Cambridge in the winter. Later he was engaged in the real estate business,

and finally the lumber trade, which he made his life work, buying timber on the stump and preparing it for the market.

He lived for many years in West Newton, but business interests drew him to Woodstock, Conn., where he lived until his death. In Woodstock his business so increased that he became one of the foremost lumber dealers in Eastern Connecticut. His business necessitated long drives, and was full of anxieties. He gave to it untiring energy and indomitable perseverance, and his death was attributed to long-continued over-exertion. The end came suddenly. While he was sleeping, his heart ceased to beat.

One who knew him best wrote, "Perseverance was his motto; integrity, great energy, and sympathy his main characteristics."

The Putnam *Patriot*, in an obituary notice, said of him:—

He was a man of keen sympathy and loyalty to his friends. On scientific subjects one could not listen to him without feeling that he was a man who had thought much and delved deeply. He hated shams. . . . He was a lover of nature, and the hills and fields had a charm for him which many failed to see.

For many years he was not seen at Class gatherings. A morbid sensibility kept him aloof, but he was not without interest in the Class. Among his papers was found a poem, dedicated to 1861, which was read at the Forty-fifth Anniversary Class Dinner, and has been inscribed in the Class Book.

He prepared an essay in 1864 on the "Soil of New England" for the North Worcester Agricultural Society, which received the highest premium, and was printed in the Transactions of the Society.

Works married, May 16, 1865, Miss Louise P. Eaton of Cambridge, Mass. They have had children: Mabel Amsden, Bessie Swan, Fannie Louise, who with his wife survived him. A son, Frederick Lincoln, died in his tenth year.

***James Edward Wright.** Died at Montpelier, Vt., on September 5, 1914, of pernicious anæmia. He was the son of Jonathan Edward and Fanny (Wyman Houghton) Wright. His early education was received in the local schools in Montpelier.

He fitted for college at the Boston Public Latin School, where in five years he finished the six years' course, receiving from year

to year various prizes, among others a first prize for declamation and a Franklin Medal, and he delivered the Valedictory at his graduation. Of his college course he writes in the Class Book: "My college honors have been few, being summed up in a Detur (Longfellow's Poems), received in the Sophomore year, and a Boylston Prize in Declamation . . . and I delivered a 'Disquisition' on Commencement Day."

He was a member of the Oneida Boat Club, the Institute of 1770, the Rumford Society, the Christian Brethren, and the O. K., also of the Natural History Society and the Φ B K. He declined membership in the Hasty Pudding. He adds that his endeavor had been to give "to work and play each its appropriate amount of attention, believing, as I do, that one is as much of a *duty* as the other." He closes the record with the expression of the hope that "I may be of some use as a minister, and with that end in view I expect to enter the Theological Seminary at Andover," from which he graduated in 1865, although his studies there were interrupted by service in Forty-fourth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, from September, 1862, to June, 1863.

Captain Storrow, his classmate, who commanded the company in which he enlisted in 1862, testifies to the efficiency and soldierly qualities of the little sergeant, and adds incidentally that it was no unusual sight to see the orderly reading his New Testament in the original Greek during his leisure hours.

At a Class meeting, held March 11, 1861, Wright was chosen Secretary of the Class. This office he held until June, 1914, when failing health made it impossible for him to continue the devoted and perfect service of more than fifty-three years.

Following the record of the last report, we find that in 1906 he visited the Pacific coast, and in 1910 the Canadian Northwest in the interest of the American Unitarian Association. During January, 1909, he was in Louisville, Ky., having made an exchange with the Rev. Dr. Ramsay, pastor of a church in that city. Of his service there we read that "the Louisville people were delighted with the charming and winning personality of Dr. Wright. His sermons and addresses are spoken of in terms of the highest appreciation by all who heard them. Dr. Wright's preaching was a delight to the church. The quiet, calm, clear style and the cultured and reverent spirit which pervaded all his sermons will

bear fruit for a long time. Our people parted with him with regret."

In April, 1909, after forty years of continuous service, he resigned his pastorate of the church in Montpelier. Twice before he had given his people the opportunity to make a change, but they refused to let him go, but, having reached the age of seventy, he insisted on his resignation being accepted. He was then made pastor emeritus, and so remained until his death. Dr. Wright was never honored by a formal installation. To him the form was nothing when the opportunity for service remained.

For thirty-five years the pulpits of other denominations were closed to him, but then the "middle wall of partition" was broken down, and he preached in other churches and exchanged with their ministers. He was chosen in 1909 a member of the Congregational Club "because of his long service and splendid work done in the city and the profound respect in which he was held."

Although relieved of much responsibility, his work did not cease. He continued to maintain services in two or three small churches in the vicinity which he had helped to sustain for many years, and gave "great and varied service of counsel and love to thousands in the city and adjacent towns."

Of these forty-four years of ministry he says nothing in the Class reports beyond the laconic statement that he "still remains" in Montpelier. Others speak of it as a "marvel of accomplishment" and of him as a minister to the whole county, rendering invaluable services to the city and the State. They describe his work as "extending far beyond his parish. He gave himself freely and extravagantly to serve the whole neighborhood. He magnified his profession, not by personal claims, but by absolute devotion to its best ideals and adorned it by the sweetness and integrity of his life. Gentle as a woman, he was as unyielding as granite when moral issues were joined."

With him "Duty was an imperious master," and in him was combined "the strength of a giant, the mind of a statesman, and the heart of Christ." No one of the Class more fully exemplified Holmes's definition of that which makes for happiness, "to hammer out as complete and solid a piece of work as one can . . . and to leave it unadvertised." To us, his classmates, he was always and simply Ned Wright, the centre of Class interests and activities,

and beloved of all. His death revealed the fact that we had only partially known him. Until near the end he had enjoyed perfect health. He kept up skating until he was seventy and mountain tramping much later. He writes in 1912 that he had walked seven miles without undue fatigue.

Hoping to escape his annual March cold, he was in that month (1912) in Camden, S.C. In February, 1913, he had a severe attack of pneumonia, following which began the decline, constant but painless, which ended with the close of life.

Wright's often expressed wish that he might round out the three-quarters of a century was gratified. He was born July 9, 1839. He lived to see his children established in life, to receive a loving cup from his classmates, and then "in peace in body and mind" he awaited the end.

He married, October 4, 1876, Miss Julia A. Whitney of Cambridge, Mass., who with a son, Chester W. Wright (Harvard, 1901), Assistant Professor of Economics in Chicago University, and two daughters, Rebecca W. (Mrs. Stanley Gale Eaton of Chicago), and Sibyl, librarian of the State Free Library at Montpelier, survives him.

NON-GRADUATES

* **John Ware Adams.**

* **Arthur Welland Blake.**

* **George Burroughs.**

* **Jason Walker Chenault.**

* **Ogden Codman.** Died of pneumonia October 25, 1904, at his home in Lincoln, Mass. His wife and four children survive him, of whom only one, Ogden, is married.

* **James Freeman Curtis.**

* **Arthur Dehon.**

* **Horatio Eustis.** Was killed September 19, 1864, at the second battle of Winchester, and was buried in the cemetery at that place.

At a Class meeting held in 1906 it was voted to send a wreath from the Class to be placed on his grave on the next Confederate Decoration Day, which was done by Hardy, and with it was left a card, noting the appreciation in which Eustis was held by his classmates.

* **John Lyman Fenton.**

* **Charles Greenough.**

* **Frank Hastings Hamilton.**

* **Oliver Cleveland Houghton.** Died September 13, 1896, at St. Paul, Minn.

* **Edward Adams Jewett.** Died September 20, 1911, at Vacaville, Cal. He was born in St. Johnsbury, Vt., on July 18, 1838, the son of Ephraim and Jane (Fairbanks) Jewett. He fitted for college at Phillips Andover Academy. He left college during the Sophomore year. In 1861 was in business in Burlington, Vt., where for some years he was Assistant Collector of Internal Revenue. He then moved to Chicago, and entered the office of the Pullman Company, with which he remained for thirty-five years. At the time of his retirement he was its Assistant Superintendent of the Chicago division. "He was a man of fine traits, —a Christian gentleman—and is remembered for his kindly nature, his courtesy, and good cheer."

He married in Burlington, Vt., Mrs. May (Hubbell) Davis of Charlotte, Vt., on September 21, 1870, who died before him. They had no children.

* **Frank Kimball.**

* **Frank William Lawrence.**

* **Henry Wadsworth Longfellow.**

* **Edward Greeley Loring.**

* **Edward William McCabe.**

John McMahan. Wrote no answer.

* **Henry Mathes.** Died March 13, 1904.

* **Christopher Gustavus Memminger.** Died at Charleston, S.C., March 30, 1905.

* **Frank William Paul.** Died at Villanuova, Italy, December 25, 1912. He was born in Florence, Italy, October 14, 1841. He left college at the end of the first term. In 1859 he entered

the Sophomore class of the University of Pennsylvania. On the outbreak of the war he enlisted in the Commonwealth Artillery, one of the crack Philadelphia companies. He was Second, then First, Lieutenant Fifty-eighth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, then First Lieutenant in Jones's Independent Battery, then in the Second Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, and in 1864 acted as Assistant Adjutant General of the Eighteenth Corps; was mustered out of the volunteer service November 17, 1864, and in 1865 was appointed First Lieutenant Twenty-fourth United States Infantry; March, 1865, was brevetted Captain United States Volunteers, for gallant and meritorious service; was brevetted Captain United States Volunteers, March 2, 1867, for gallantry at the Petersburg mine. He later studied law with his father, and was admitted to the Philadelphia bar, October 2, 1869.

He married, March 2, 1875, Florence Oglesby of New Orleans, now deceased. Two sons and two married daughters survive him.

*** Robert Singleton Peabody.** Died October 1, 1904. He was born July 12, 1837, at Zanesville, Ohio. He fitted for college at Phillips Andover Academy, graduating at the head of his class.

He was the nephew of George Peabody, the London banker and philanthropist, who assisted him to secure an education.

Peabody's ambition to repay this kindness by success led him to overwork, and he broke down in his Freshman year. Later he entered and graduated with the Class of 1862.

He was greatly interested in mechanics and American archæology, of which he made a valuable collection of specimens, which (in 1901) he gave to Phillips Academy with a building to contain them, which he desired to be used also to promote social life among the students.

During the last years of his life he was a great invalid.

He married, August 7, 1866, Miss Margaret A. Goddard of Zanesville, who with his son Charles survives him.

Thomas Clarkson Russell. Not heard from.

William Wilberforce Russell. Not heard from.

- * **DeForest Safford.** Died at Peterboro, N.H., July 7, 1914.
- * **George Washington Simmons.**
- * **John Davis Sweet.**
- * **George Harvey Taylor.**
- * **James Baldwin Thomas.**
- * **Nathaniel Dana Turner.**
- * **James McBride Vanderpoel.**
- * **Charles Morris Walton.**

ODE.

Brother Classmates, since first that we met in these halls,
Full of pleasure the bright years have flown,
While our friendship has lightened the tasks we have wrought,
And has sweetened the joys we have known.
As we hasten forth now to the work of our life
And the day-star of hope gilds the sky,
Let the thought of the past give new strength to the bond
That we loose not, though saying "good-bye."

Though we're sundered for years, yet re-echoing still
We shall hear the glad sounds of to-day,
And the soft beam of friendship shall brighten the path
With the same glow that now lights our way.
As the ivy around the gray turret entwined
Hides the ruin with garlands of leaves,
So our failing old age shall be brought back to youth
By the fancies that memory weaves.

Let us pause for a while, as the moment draws near
When the home of our youth we must leave,
And once more bending low at our fond Mother's side
Her kind blessing at parting receive.
"Fare you well! and God bless you, O sons of my love,
Now go forth in your strength to the strife,
Pledging each to the other, to country and God,
A devotion unchanging through life."

Then once more join our hands in affection's warm grasp;
Let the tear of regret dim the eye;
Let each heart against heart in true brotherhood beat
As the quivering lip says "good-bye."
Classmates, Brothers, farewell, and as onward we move,
May each step in our pilgrimage trod
Make our pathways converge till again they shall meet
In the glorious presence of God.

W. F. S.

SONGS

FOR THE CLASS OF '61

Golden and gladsome the sunlight of youth
Shines in our faces to-day,
Yet, while it lingers, it whispers the truth,
Springtime is hasting away.
Clasp then each hand ere its fervor be flown,
Hearts will be hot in life's morning alone;
Ere we have wrung a farewell and are gone,
Swear to be classmates for aye.

Cares may grow heavy and dark on the brow,
Hopes lie forgotten and cold,—
Ever the bond that encircles us now
Warmly our hearts shall enfold.
Time rudely passing will scatter us wide,
Driven and tossed on the swift rolling tide;
Yet, though alone, we shall stand side by side,
Comrades the same as of old.

E'er 'mid the shocks and the struggles of life,
Brothers, stand firm in the van!
Nobly we'll conquer or die in the strife—
They shall be cravens who can!
Steady we'll gather and form in our might,
Shoulder to shoulder we'll march through the fight,
Show to the world how we strike for the right,
Faithful to God and to man.

And when the strife and the dangers are o'er,
Bravely the victory won,
When the bright future for us is no more,
Slowly is setting our sun,
Then, in our age, we'll be true to the last,
Proudly our gaze o'er the conflict we'll cast,
Yea, brothers! fond'y we'll think of the past,
Think of our own Sixty-One.

The parting hour beholds us here together;
The world, impatient, chides delay;
The restless tide that lately bore us hither,
Now swells to sweep us proudly on our way.

Chorus

We come! we come! our hearts are strong;
For conflicts and for toils we long:
No smooth, inglorious race our feet shall run,—
All men shall hear the fame of Sixty-One!

One backward glance, of mingled love and sorrow,
On thee we turn, our Mother dear;
While Hope and Faith illuminate the morrow,
The Past shall claim the gilding of a tear.

Chorus.

Now loose the rope! the breezes seaward blowing
Too long in vain our prow have swayed;
The sails are set, the current swiftly flowing,—
Away! we follow where our fortunes lead.

Chorus.

Forever onward! to the masthead nailing
Our flag unfurled to greet the wind;
With joy the Motto there emblazoned hailing—
"THE DAY BEFORE US, AND THE NIGHT BEHIND!"

Chorus.



THE STANDARD BEARER

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY, 1861-1911

THE DINNER

A feast of good fellowship was served at the Union Club, June 27, 1911, at 7.30 P.M.

There were present: Brashear, Cobb, Chauncey, Hallowell, Hardy, Hackett, Holmes, Lincoln, May, McDaniels, Powers, Ritchie, Sanborn, Senter, Storrow, Walker, and Wright, seventeen of the twenty-five living members. Letters were read from Boone, Whitney, and Sawyer, and a telegram was received from Bigelow, to whom the wires carried back a cordial reply. Cooper was disabled by a broken leg. R. Stone sent verbal greetings, leaving but Kent Stone and Bixby unaccounted for.

Wright called the meeting to order, and, at the suggestion of Hallowell, Hardy was asked to preside. He called attention to the fact that Bowditch, Emmons, Holbrook, and Inches had died since we last met, and asked that we rise and drink to the Class, the living and the dead. Copies of the "War Letters" by Fiske were received from his daughter, and a cordial acknowledgment returned.

The Class of 1874 sent in a bottle of champagne with best wishes for '61, which courtesy was returned in kind. Hardy showed a remnant of flowers taken from the tree near Holden Chapel on our Class Day.

Wright read a song by Holbrook, "The Aeronauts," which he called his "Swan Song," written during his last illness, and a somewhat lengthy résumé by Brown of the achievements of the Class during the last twenty years, taken on Charon's modernized boat as it crossed the Styx.

Powers and Storrow led in the singing of Kent Stone's song, "Golden and Gladsome the Sunlight of Youth."

Informally, between the courses, in response to the request of the chairman, Hallowell, out of the memories of the past, spoke feelingly of Alden's last days and of the melancholy satisfaction which he had of sending his body home. He spoke of the value of imagination in business as illustrated by the success of Forbes and Bigelow. The former foresaw the practical worth of the telephone, and the latter with inventive genius transformed visions into profitable realities.

Powers spoke of the men on the Pacific coast, and the pleasure he received from visits of classmates since he had been in San Francisco.

Cobb spoke of the value of the musket with a bayonet attached as greater than the sword (the former he carried through the war, receiving the latter at last as a reward of valor).

Holmes spoke of the lights and shadows through which we pass in descending the western slope, claiming that middle life is better than youth, and the later years than middle life.

Hackett took up the subject in like spirit, emphasizing the value of the work of Emmons, a leader on both sides of the Atlantic in his special department, and of Holmes in grasping with clear vision the most serious problems of law, and praised '61 for the sincerity and modesty shown in the work done by it.

Brashear spoke of the value of class reunions as cementing friendships already strong, and others of various class interests.

Hackett's touching tribute to his chum, May, was read, and found a cordial acceptance in the prevailing spirit of the meeting. With a cordial recognition to the committee of arrangements of the work done in preparing for the fiftieth anniversary and hearty appreciation of the services of the Secretary during half a century, it was voted that the dinner was a success, that Wright be authorized to present the seventh semi-centennial report, and that we adjourn to meet at the Phillips Brooks House on Commencement Day.

McDaniels later wrote to the Chairman: "The dinner struck me as a great success, and gave us no hint of decrepitude. You and Ned Wright fortified and adorned the situation. I went with the apprehension of the ghosts of memories, and came away with satisfaction and admiration of our men."

TO MY COLLEGE CHUM

ON HIS SIXTY-NINTH BIRTHDAY, 2 NOVEMBER, 1910

Relentless Time, that brings our schemes to naught,
And, one by one, from Mem'ry's fading page
Razes our names—what gracious tasks engage
Thy busy hand—what lesson hast thou taught,
When thou dost slowly fashion forth the oak,
Whose silent growth, through sunshine and the blast,
Crowns him great monarch of the soil at last—
Like that which in Dodona's grove once spoke.
So, threescore years, from boyhood's sportive hour,
Have knitted close a friendship, ah, how rare!
Dear, golden days! ye looked to have no end,
While nurturing concord, such as doth endower
Us twain with riches far beyond compare—
Here's health to thee, my best, my earliest friend!

F. W. H.

JUNE 28, 1911

Relinquishing our long-established headquarters at Stoughton 24, the Class held a reception at the Phillips Brooks House. About two hundred and fifty of the six hundred invitations issued were accepted. No record of classmates present was kept. Stone came up from Manchester, and sons of Boone, Hale, Knowles, Hallowell, Forbes, Hardy, May, and others were present.

Mrs. Forbes sent beautiful roses to grace the reception room. Old friends with cordial greetings gave additional interest to the day.

At the call of the marshal we joined the procession, alas! too near its head, at Massachusetts Hall, and marched to the quadrangle east of Sever Hall, where the meeting of the Alumni Association was held. Our part in the proceedings was the address of Holmes, which we print in full.

JUSTICE HOLMES'S ADDRESS

"One of the stirring sights of Alaska, I believe, is when a section of the great glacier cracks and drops into the sea. The last time that I remember witnessing the periodic semi-centennial plunge of a college class was when I heard Longfellow say '*Morituri salutamus.*' If I were to repeat that phrase of the gladiators about to die, it would be from knowledge and reason, and not from feeling. For I own that I am apt to wonder whether I do not dream that I have lived, and may not wake to find that all I thought done is still to be accomplished, and that life is all ahead.

"But we have had our warning even within the last three months. Henry Pickering Bowditch, the world-known physiologist, and Frank Emmons, the world-known geologist, have dropped from the Class, leaving only the shadow of their great names. I like to think that they were types of '61, not only in their deeds, but in their noble silence.

"It has been my fortune to belong to two bodies that seem to me somewhat alike—the Twentieth Massachusetts Regiment and the Class of '61. The Twentieth never wrote about itself to the newspapers, but for its killed and wounded in battle it stood in the first half-dozen of all of the regiments of the North. This little Class never talked about itself, but, graduating just as the War of Secession was beginning, out of its eighty-one members it had fifty-one under arms, the largest proportion that any class sent to that war.

"We learn from time an amiable latitude with regard to beliefs and tastes. Life is painting a picture, not doing a sum. As twenty men of genius, looking out of the same window, will paint twenty canvases, each different from all the rest, and every one correct, so am I apt to think men may be allowed the defects of their qualities if they have the qualities of their defects. We all of us have our notions of what is best. I learned in the regiment and in the class the conclusion at least of the conduct that I believe best for the country and for ourselves,—to see as far as one may the great forces that are behind every detail, and to

feel them, for that makes all the difference between philosophy and gossip, between great action and small.

"It was a good thing for us in our college days, as Moorfield Storey pointed out a few years ago in an excellent address, that we were all poor, at least that we lived as if we were. I think that training is much fitter to make a man than for a youth to have at twenty all the luxuries of life poured into a trough for him.

"Man is born a predestined idealist, for he is born to act. To act is to affirm the worth of an end; to persist in affirming the worth of an end is to make an ideal. The stern experience of our youth confirmed the destiny of fate; it left us feeling through life that pleasures do not make happiness, and that the root at once of joy and beauty is to put out all one's powers to a great end,—the least wave of the Atlantic Ocean is mightier than one of Buzzard's Bay,—to hammer out as compact and solid a piece of work as one can, to try to make it first-rate, and to leave it unadvertised.

"As one listens from above to the roar of a great city there comes to one's ears, almost undistinguishable, but there, the sound of church bells, chiming the hours or offering a pause in the rush, a moment for withdrawal and prayer; commerce has outsoared the steeples that once looked down on the marts, but still their note makes music of the din. For those of us who are not churchmen the symbol still lives. Life is a roar of bargain and battle, but in the very heart of it there rises a mystic spiritual note that gives meaning to the whole. It transmutes the dull details into romance, it reminds us that our only but wholly adequate significance is as parts of an unimaginable whole; it suggests that even as we think we are egoists we are living to ends outside ourselves."

THE POPS

In the evening a few unwearied enthusiasts braved the atmosphere of Symphony Hall, and seated themselves at reserved tables at the front. Hallowell, Wright, Lincoln, Senter, Hackett,

Walker, Storrow, and Hardy faced the music, and under Hallowell's leadership heartily, if feebly, answered cheers for '61 by cheers for everybody who were cheering everybody, including themselves.

The climax was reached when John Hallowell of 1901 marched down the aisle to the tune of "Marching Down the Street," and presented to Hallowell, Sr., a banner bearing the figures 1861. Well! bedlam broke loose,—the men of '61 rose and cheered themselves hoarse, and then, one by one, vanished, and so "closed this twenty-four hours" and the semi-centennial of 1861.

WAR RECORD

GRADUATES

The star indicates names on the tablets in Memorial Hall.

* LEONARD C. ALDEN.

2d Lieut. 55th Mass. Vols.

Died at Hilton Head, October 5, 1863.

* PARDON ALMY.

2d Lieut. 18th Mass. Vols.

Killed at Manassas, August 30, 1862.

JOHN BIGELOW.

Private 2d Mass. Battery, April 24, 1861.

1st Lieut., July 31, 1861.

Capt. 9th Mass. Battery, February 3, 1863.

Brevet Major, August 1, 1864.

Wounded at Malvern Hill and at Gettysburg.

Resigned for disability December 16, 1864.

CHARLES L. BIXBY.

U. S. Coast Survey Ship "Bibb," 1861-62.

ALLEN F. BOONE.

Private 44th Mass. Vols., September 12, 1862.

Mustered out June 3, 1863.

HENRY P. BOWDITCH.

2d Lieut. 1st Mass. Cavalry, November 5, 1861.

1st Lieut., June 28, 1862.

Capt., May 13, 1863.

Resigned June 5, 1865.

JEREMIAH W. BOYDEN.

A. A. Surgeon U. S. N.
Died at sea August 17, 1866.

JOHN L. BULLARD.

Capt. U. S. Vols., 1862, in Commissary Dept.
Brevet Major, 1865.

JOHN D. COBB.

Sergeant 35th Mass. Vols., August 16, 1862.
1st Lieut., November 15, 1863.
Capt., November 29, 1864.
Mustered out June 9, 1865.

LEWIS S. DABNEY.

2d Lieut. 2d Mass. Cavalry, November 13, 1862.
1st Lieut., February 9, 1863.
Capt., February 5, 1864-January 7, 1865.

* HENRY J. DOOLITTLE.

Captain on Staff, April 19, 1862.
Died of disease contracted in service, August 10, 1862.

* STEPHEN G. EMERSON.

Private 1st Mass. Vols.
Killed at Chancellorsville, May 3, 1863.

HENRY W. FARRAR.

Capt. A. D. C., March, 1863.
1st Lieut. 7th Maine Vols., March 15, 1864.
Capt. A. D. C. Staff of General Wright, June 6.
Brevet Major, October 19, 1864.
Brevet Lieut.-Col., April 9, 1865.

JOSEPH E. FISKE.

Private 44th Mass. Vols.
1st Lieut. and Capt. 2d Mass. H. Artly., October 9, 1863.

WILLIAM H. FORBES.

2d Lieut. 1st Mass. Cavalry, December 26, 1861.
1st Lieut., July 27, 1862.
Capt. 2d Mass. Cavalry, January 14, 1863.
Major, May 12, 1863.
Lieut.-Col., October 21, 1864.

* WILLIAM Y. GHOLSON.

1st Lieut. and Capt. 106th Ohio Vols.
Killed at Hartsville, Tenn., December 7, 1862.

DANIEL D. GILBERT.

Medical Cadet U. S. A., March 2, 1862.
Asst. Surgeon U. S. N., January 25, 1863.
Resigned August 16, 1864.

EZRA P. GOULD.

Private 24th Mass. Vols., October 18, 1861.
1st Lieut. 55th Mass. Vols., October 15, 1863.
Capt. 59th Mass. Vols., January 22, 1864.
Major, August 20, 1864.
Mustered out July 20, 1865.
Wounded in Wilderness.

JAMES R. GOULD.

1st Lieut. 46th N. Y. Vols.
Capt. and A. D. C.
Resigned August 6, 1864.

FRANK W. HACKETT.

A. A. Paymaster U. S. N., September 24, 1862.
Resigned October 6, 1864.

NORWOOD P. HALLOWELL.

Private 4th Battalion Mass. V. M., April 25, 1861.
1st Lieut. 20th Mass. Vols., July 10, 1861.
Capt., November 26, 1861.
Lieut.-Col. 54th Mass., April 17, 1863.
Col. 55th Mass. Vols., May 30, 1863.
Resigned November 2, 1863,—disability from wound received in action.

ALPHEUS H. HARDY.

Private 1st Corps Cadets, May 26, 1862—July 2, 1862.
1st Lieut. 45th Mass. V. M., September 26, 1862—July 7, 1863.
Mustered out with regiment.

OLIVER W. HOLMES.

Private 4th Batt. M. V. M.
1st Lieut. 20th Mass. Vols., July 10, 1861.
Capt., March 23, 1862, A. D. C. on Staff of Gen. Wright.
Wounded at Ball's Bluff and Antietam.
Mustered out July 17, 1864.

CHARLES INCHES.

Asst. Surgeon 37th Mass. Vols., April 7, 1865.

ALFRED P. JOHNSON.

Private 44th M. V. M., September 12, 1862–June 18, 1863.

CHARLES D. LAMB.

Private Landis Battery P. V. M., June 27, 1863–July 30, 1863.

2d Lieut. 2d Mass. H. Artly., August 31, 1863–June 11, 1864.

Capt. 56th Mass. Vols., May, 1864.

Discharged December 28, 1864,—disability from wounds received in action.

*THOMAS J. LEAVITT.

Private 6th Iowa Cav., October, 1862.

2d Lieut., January 31, 1863; died of wounds September 4, 1863, White Stone Hill, Dak.

DAVID F. LINCOLN.

A. A. Surgeon U. S. N., September 5, 1862–February 25, 1864.

JAMES R. MAY.

Medical Cadet, A. A. Surgeon U. S. N., February 28, 1864–June 7, 1865.

GEORGE HART MUMFORD.

Sergt. Major 108th N. Y. Vols., July 24, 1862.

1st Lieut. 18th N. Y. Artly., August 30, 1862.

A. D. C. 1862–63,—discharged for disability May 1, 1863.

SCOLLAY PARKER.

A. A. Surgeon U. S. N., September 6, 1863–October, 1867.

GEORGE H. POWERS.

Asst. Surgeon 60th Mass. Vols., September, 1864, until regiment was mustered out.

JAMES H. RICE.

1st Lieut. 19th Mass. Vols., August 28, 1861.

Capt., September 7, 1862.

2d Lieut. 44th U. S. Infantry, January 22, 1867.

1st Lieut., December 31, 1872.

Capt., retired April 23, 1904.

Brevets Capt. U. S. A., Major and Lieut.-Col. U. S. V., for faithful and meritorious services during the war.

JOHN RITCHIE.

1st Lieut. and Qtr. Master 54th Mass. Vols., February 20, 1863.
Resigned June 10, 1865.

*THOMAS R. ROBESON.

Private 44th Batt., April 25, 1861.
2d Lieut. 2d Mass. Vols., May 28, 1862.
Capt., August 10, 1862.
Wounded at Cedar Mountain. Died of wounds received at Gettysburg,
July 6, 1863.

WESLEY C. SAWYER.

Capt. 23d Mass. Vols., October 8, 1861.
Lost a leg March 13, 1862.
Mustered out March 29, 1864.

CARLETON A. SHURTLEFF.

Medical Cadet U. S. A., March 29, 1863–March 29, 1864.

HIRAM S. SHURTLEFF.

Private 1st Corps Cadets M. V. M., May 26–July 2, 1862.
1st Lieut. 56th Mass. Vols., January 21, 1863.
Capt., July 7, 1864.
Mustered out July 12, 1865.

HERBERT SLEEPER.

Private 44th Mass. V. M., September 12, 1862–June, 1863.

WILLIAM F. SNOW.

Private 5th M. V. M.
Chaplain, July 2, 1863.

JAMES KENT STONE.

Private 2d Mass. Vols.
2d Lieut.
Resigned January 9, 1863.

CHARLES STORROW.

Capt. 44th M. V. M., September 12, 1862–June 18, 1863.

SIDNEY W. THAXTER.

2d Lieut. 1st Maine Cav., October 19, 1861.

Capt., March 24, 1862–May or June 18, 1863.

Wounded May, 1864. Mustered out November 5, 1864.

He received a Congressional Medal of Honor.

JAMES P. WALKER.

Sergeant 1st Maine State Guards, Fort McCleary, Portsmouth, N.H.

EDWARD WIGGLESWORTH.

Private and Hospital Steward 45th M. V. M.

GEORGE F. WORKS.

Private 53d M. V. M.

J. EDWARD WRIGHT.

Orderly Sgt. 44th Mass. V. M., September 12, 1862–June 18, 1863.

IN THE CONFEDERATE SERVICE

LESLIE WAGGENER.

Capt. 5th Kentucky. Wounded at Shiloh.

STEPHEN W. WHITNEY.

3d Tenn., Capt. and Asst. Commissary.

JAMES F. GIFFEN.

Private Washington Artly. Wounded at Shiloh.

NON-GRADUATES

GEORGE BURROUGHS.

2d Lieut. U. S. A., Engineer Corps.
1st Lieut., November, 1864.
Brevet Major U. S. A., March 13, 1865.

*ARTHUR DEHON.

2d Lieut. 12th Mass. Vols., January 16, 1862.
1st Lieut.
Killed at Fredericksburg, December 13, 1862.

HORATIO EUSTIS.

1st La. Vols., C. S. A. La. Guard Artly.
2d Lieut. 10th La.
Killed at Winchester, September 10, 1864.

*JOHN L. FENTON.

Sergeant 9th Mass. Artly. Died of wounds received in battle at Gettysburg, July 28, 1863.

FRANK H. HAMILTON.

Sergeant 31st N. Y. V. M.
2d Lieut. 16th N. Y. Vols., February 22, 1862.
A. A. Surgeon U. S. A., March 9, 1863.

OLIVER C. HOUGHTON.

Private 21st N. Y. Vols.
2d and 1st Lieut. 25th N. Y. Vols.
A. D. C., May 27, 1862.
Sec'y U. S. N., July 18, 1864.
Discharged April 8, 1865.

FRANK KIMBALL.

Lieut. and Capt. 72d U. S. Colored Troops.

FRANCIS W. LAWRENCE.

A. Asst. Surgeon U. S. A.

HENRY W. LONGFELLOW.

Private 10th Conn. Vols., April 5, 1864–August, 1865.

CHRISTOPHER G. MEMMINGER.

Served in Army of N. Va. during the war, was on Staff.

FRANK W. PAUL.

Private Commonwealth Artly., April 24, 1861.

2d Lieut. 58th Penn. Vols., September, 1861.

1st Lieut. Jones Independent Batty., November 12, 1861.

A. A. Adt. 18th Army Corps Artly.

1st Lieut. 24th U. S. Infy., July 28, 1866.

Brevetted Captain and Major U. S. Vols. and Captain U. S. A. for
gallant services at Petersburg mine.

Resigned April 21, 1868.

DEFOREST SAFFORD.

Private 44th Mass. V. M., September 12, 1862–June 18, 1863.

GEORGE W. SIMMONS.

Asst. Paymaster U. S. N., U. S. S. "Clifton," June, 1863–June, 1865.

GEORGE A. TAYLOR.

2d Lieut. 73d U. S. Colored Troops, December 13, 1863–Nov. 24, 1864.

Discharged for disability.

SUMMARY

	<i>U.S.A.</i>	<i>C.S.A.</i>	<i>Total.</i>
Graduates	47	3	50
Non-graduates	12	2	14
	—	—	—
	59	5	64
Killed or died of wounds	7	1	8
Died of disease contracted in service .	2	—	2
	—	—	—
	9	1	10

Samuel D. Phillips, died of disease December 5, 1862, at Port Royal, S.C., in service of the Freedman's Bureau, having declined a commission. Henry M. Atkinson, served in the Mass. Coast Guard July–August, 1861. Flavel C. Stratton, in Penn. Militia during the Gettysburg campaign. There is no record that either of them were mustered into the U. S. Service.

OCCUPATIONS

Theology	10
Law	14
Medicine	10
Teaching	7
Geologist	1
Social Science	1
Journalism	1
Business	29
	—
	73
Died in war	8
	—
	81

FUNDS

Class Fund:

Original subscription	\$929.50
Additions	1,391.50
	<hr/> \$2,321.00

Which with interest and dividends sufficed until 1901, when
the small balance of \$76.89 was carried to a general fund.

Wine Fund:

Raised in 1878 out of regard to the strong temperance senti- ment in the Class	514.63
Transferred from Window Fund	650.61
Transferred from Class Fund	76.89
	<hr/> \$1,242.13

Window Fund	\$3,897.00
Cost of window in Memorial Hall	3,246.39

Balance carried to Wine Fund by consent of the donors . . .	\$650.61
The Class subscribed to the building of Memorial Hall	1,050.00
And to the Phillips Brooks House payments were made directly to its Building Committee without being recorded in the Class book.	

Assets June 20, 1914:

One \$1,000 bond of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company, estimated value	\$880.00
Cash in bank	169.83
	<hr/> \$1,049.83

MARRIAGES

GRADUATES

ATKINSON	*Elizabeth A. Safford . .	Holliston	Nov. 6, 1864
	Mary Jane Whitman . .	E. Bridgewater . .	Sept. 28, 1881
BEAMAN	Hettie S. Evarts	New York	Aug. 19, 1874
BIGELOW	*Julia B. Gardner	Minneapolis . . .	Dec. 5, 1888
BIXBY	Emma Linder	Newton Centre . .	Oct. 21, 1868
BOLTON	*Cornelia T. Ranney . .	Cleveland, Ohio .	Jan. 30, 1864
	E. C. Hale	Cleveland, Ohio .	Dec. 15, 1875
BOONE	Frances Chapman	Winchester	Oct. 12, 1864
BOWDITCH	Selma Knauth	Leipzig, Germany,	Sept. 9, 1871
BRASHEAR	Alice B. Packer		June 1884
BULLARD	*Sarah W. Spooner	New Bedford . . .	June 10, 1863
	Charlotte Haskell	New Bedford . . .	Nov. 3, 1868
CHAUNCEY	Mary J. Potter	New York	Nov. 14, 1871
COOPER	*Mary E. Cutler	Cambridge	Dec. 24, 1868
	Mary E. Davidson	Salem	July 21, 1885
COWDREY	Mary G. Hall	Baltimore, Md. . .	Nov. 17, 1870
DABNEY	*Clara Bigelow	Boston	April 27, 1867
DUNCKLEE	*Sadie J. Brown	Boston	Dec. 27, 1866
	Marcia B. Jenks	Allston	May 16, 1896
EMMONS	*Weltha A. Steeves	New York	Aug. 5, 1876
	*Sophie D. Markoe	Washington, D.C.	Feb. 14, 1889
	Mrs. Ogden-Jones		1903
FARRAR	*Laura M. Wilson	Chicago, Ill. . . .	April 29, 1867
FISKE	*Ellen Ware	Grantville	June 21, 1869
	*Abbie S. Hastings	Sterling	June 5, 1872
FORBES	Edith Emerson	Concord	Oct. 3, 1865
GAGE	Elena Boutwell	Nashua, N.H. . . .	June 8, 1870
GARRISON	*Lucy McKim	Philadelphia, Pa. .	Dec. 6, 1865
	*Annie Katherine Dennis,		Mar. 5, 1891
GIFFEN	Louise E. Wallace	Baltimore, Md. . .	Sept. 27, 1869
GILBERT	*Amelia A. Stebbins . . .	Chelsea	Jan. 4, 1865
GOULD, E. P. . . .	Jennie M. Stone	Cambridge	Sept. 1, 1868
HACKETT	Ida F. Craven	Geneva, N.Y. . . .	April 21, 1880
HALE	Katharine D. Wood	Newburyport . . .	Aug. 18, 1869

HALLOWELL . . .	Sarah W. Haydock . . .	New York . . .	Jan. 27, 1868
HARDON . . .	*Alison N. Cleveland . . .	Philadelphia, Pa..	June 29, 1876
HARDY . . .	Mary Caroline Sumner . . .	Dedham . . .	Aug. 26, 1862
HOLBROOK . . .	Elizabeth P. Bolles . . .	Newark, N.J. . .	May 22, 1867
HOLMES . . .	Fannie Dixwell . . .	Cambridge . . .	June 17, 1872
HOPKINSON . . .	Mary E. Watson . . .	New York . . .	June 22, 1865
INCHES . . .	Louise Pomeroy . . .	Troy, Pa. . . .	Sept. 27, 1883
JOHNSON . . .	Terrie Shively . . .	Marion, Ind. . .	Dec. 1867
KNOWLES . . .	*Mary H. Swift . . .	New Bedford . .	Oct. 16, 1872
	Annie D. Swift . . .	Acushnet . . .	Sept. 12, 1890
MAY . . .	Mary Morison . . .	Portsmouth, N.H.	April 26, 1881
MUMFORD . . .	Sadie Dana . . .	Brooklyn, N.Y. .	Dec. 10, 1867
PARKER . . .	Susie M. Cuyler . . .	San Francisco, Cal.	1883
PETTEE . . .	Sybil A. Clarke . . .	Newton . . .	July 8, 1874
PICKERING . . .	Mary Wigglesworth . . .	Boston . . .	Oct. 11, 1864
POWERS . . .	Cornelia J. Chapman . . .	New Haven, Ct. .	July 30, 1872
RICE . . .	*Clara Given . . .	Boston . . .	Mar. 7, 1863
	Margaret E. Graham . . .	Northbridge . .	May 19, 1887
RICHARDSON . . .	Annie E. Brastow . . .	Somerville . . .	Jan. 27, 1869
RITCHIE . . .	*Caroline S. Foote . . .	Milton . . .	May 24, 1866
	Rosa Schoepffer . . .	Dresden, Saxony .	June 29, 1876
SANBORN . . .	*Maria M. Parsons . . .	Northfield . . .	April 3, 1866
	Anna M. Sargent . . .	Boston . . .	Jan. 11, 1897
SAWYER . . .	Minnie Birge . . .	Appleton, Wis. .	July 1, 1877
SNOW . . .	Harriet D. Gooding . . .	Somerville . . .	Oct. 19, 1863
STETSON . . .	Margret E. Osband . . .	Bloomington, Ill..	June 29, 1864
STONE, R. . . .	*Fannie B. Newell . . .	Cambridge . . .	Dec. 30, 1868
	Lucy Bowditch . . .	Jamaica Plain . .	Aug. 30, 1875
STONE, J. K. . . .	*Cornelia Fay . . .	Brookline . . .	Oct. 19, 1863
STORROW . . .	*Martha R. Cabot . . .	Brookline . . .	Oct. 25, 1866
	Mary Agnes Kelly . . .	Brookline . . .	April 3, 1899
THAXTER . . .	*Laura M. Farnham . . .	Bangor, Me. . .	Nov. 13, 1866
	Julia St. F. Thom	June 7, 1882
WAGGENER . . .	Fannie Pendleton . . .	Upland, Pa. . . .	June 27, 1867
WALES . . .	*Isabelle Webbe . . .	Boston . . .	Dec. 5, 1861
	*Sarah E. Campbell . . .	Oswego, N.Y. . .	Aug. 15, 1881
WALKER . . .	*Sarah C. Bush . . .	New London, Ct.	April 24, 1867
WELD . . .	*Loretta M. Barton . . .	Buffalo, N.Y. . .	Feb. 7, 1865
WIGGLESWORTH . . .	Sarah W. Frothingham . . .	New York . . .	April 4, 1882
WORKS . . .	Louise P. Eaton . . .	Cambridge . . .	May 16, 1865
WRIGHT . . .	Julia A. Whitney . . .	Cambridge . . .	Oct. 4, 1876

NON-GRADUATES

ADAMS	Emily K. Porter	Stowe	Oct. 18, 1861
BLAKE	Frances Greenough	Boston	April 25, 1878
BURROUGHS	Caroline Bryson	Cincinnati, Ohio	April 18, 1866
CHENAULT			1863
CODMAN	Sarah F. Bradlee	Boston	Oct. 26, 1861
CURTIS	Helen R. Gardner	Boston	1867
FENTON	Adelaide V. Burrill	Cambridge	Mar. 18, 1863
HAMILTON	Julia White	Buffalo, N.Y.	Oct. 1863
HOUGHTON	Lillian Brain		May 20, 1871
JEWETT	*Jennie M. Davis	Charlotte, Vt.	Sept. 21, 1870
KIMBALL	Sarah Clemens	Concord, N.H.	1868
LAWRENCE	Lucilla Train	Framingham	Jan. 27, 1863
LONGFELLOW	Frances E. Gammon	Portland, Me.	Feb. 3, 1863
LORING	*——Jarvis	Boston	1886
	——Swift		
McMAHON	Julia M. Ford		Nov. 11, 1872
PAUL	Florence Oglesby	New Orleans, La.	Mar. 2, 1875
PEABODY	Margaret A. Goddard	Zanesville, Ohio	Nov. 7, 1866
RUSSELL, T. C.	*Helena A. Taylor	Chatham	April 24, 1861
	Louise M. Webb		Jan. 31, 1877
RUSSELL, W. W.	*Lydia F. Patten		1866
SAFFORD	*Mary A. Smith	Cambridge	Nov. 25, 1863
	Delia A. Loveland	Fairfax, Vt.	Oct. 16, 1876
SIMMONS	Marion H. Parker	Southbridge	Sept. 19, 1871
SWEET	Elizabeth M. Martin	Bristol, R.I.	Dec. 19, 1861
TAYLOR	Jessie P. Emerson	Nashua, N.H.	July 8, 1868

CHILDREN OF GRADUATES

ATKINSON	Maurice Bradlee	Jan. 4, 1866
	Rose Standish	Nov. 26, 1867
	Paul Ruggles	Dec. 6, 1869
	Elbridge Cutler	Dec. 25, 1871
	*Grace Agnes	May 23, 1874
	*Henry Martyn	Dec. 7, 1884
	Mary Jane	May 20, 1886
BEAMAN	Grace Sherman	Dec. 14, 1887
	Mary Stacy	May 6, 1875
	Helen Wardner	Feb. 10, 1877
	Margaret	Sept. 21, 1878
BIXBY	William Evarts	Jan. 25, 1881
	Charles Linder	Aug. 1, 1869
	George Linder	Aug. 4, 1872
BOLTON	Elizabeth Clark	Aug. 19, 1877
	Percival Ranney	May 14, 1865
	Howard Corn.	Nov. 24, 1867
	Edith Elene	June 20, 1879
BOONE	Allan Edward	June 4, 1869
	Robert Chapman	Mar. 7, 1873
BOWDITCH	Ethel	Jan. 29, 1873
	Fanny	May 19, 1874
	Theodora	Sept. 2, 1878
	Selma	Oct. 31, 1880
	Eliza Ingersoll	Oct. 31, 1880
	Harold. H. C. 1905	June 8, 1883
	Manfred. H. C. 1912	Sept. 18, 1890
BULLARD	John Thornton. H. C. 1884	Mar. 31, 1864
	Sarah Spooner	May 20, 1866
	Lucy Forbes	Nov. 2, 1877
CHAUNCEY	Nathalie Elisabeth	July 14, 1887
COOPER	Eva Agnes	Dec. 2, 1869
COWDREY	*(Daughter)	Aug. 2, 1875
	Mary Hall	Oct. 21, 1876
	Ruth Senter	Nov. 25, 1878

DABNEY	Frederick Lewis. H. C. 1891 . . .	May 5, 1868
	Caroline Miller	Mar. 13, 1874
	*Clara Bigelow	Dec. 5, 1877
	George Bigelow. H. C. 1902 . . .	Oct. 10, 1880
DUNCKLEE	*Alice Josephine	Mar. 5, 1868
	Charles Brown	June 29, 1870
	George Woodbury	Mar. 2, 1874
	Beulah	Sept. 8, 1879
FISKE	Ellen Ware	Jan. 14, 1871
	Isabella Howe	April 29, 1874
	*Abby Hastings	April 29, 1874
FORBES	Ralph Emerson. H. C. 1892 . . .	July 10, 1866
	Edith	Oct. 28, 1867
	William Cameron. H. C. 1892 . . .	May 21, 1870
	*John Murray	Aug. 27, 1871
	Edward Waldo. H. C. 1895 . . .	July 16, 1873
	Waldo Emerson. H. C. 1902 . . .	Feb. 28, 1879
	*Ellen Randolph	Oct. 28, 1880
	Alexander. H. C. 1904	May 14, 1882
GAGE	Walter Boutwell. H. C. 1894 . . .	April 21, 1872
	Harold Minot	July 24, 1874
GARRISON	*Lloyd McKim. H. C. 1888 . . .	May 4, 1867
	Philip McKim. H. C. 1890 . . .	Sept. 28, 1869
	Katherine McKim	May 18, 1873
GIFFEN	Louise	Sept. 22, 1870
	Lilian	Oct. 13, 1873
	Wallis	Nov. 29, 1886
GILBERT	*Daniel Dudley	Feb. 20, 1867
	*Amelia Gertrude	Dec. 27, 1869
	*Stewart Dudley	Aug. 21, 1872
	Mary Stewart	Oct. 8, 1874
	Amelia Ridgway	Oct. 24, 1878
	Isaac Stebbins	July 16, 1882
GOULD, E. P.	Herbert Shelton	Aug. 21, 1869
	Edith Parker	May 6, 1876
HACKETT	Chauncey Craven. H. C. 1903 . . .	May 20, 1881
	William Henry Young. H. C. 1908 . . .	Aug. 14, 1886
HALE	*Katharine Wood	Aug. 22, 1870
	Albert. H. C. 1893	April 19, 1872
	Lillian	July 13, 1881
	*Thomas May	April 7, 1887
HALLOWELL	Anna Norwood. R. C. 1893 . . .	Mar. 20, 1871
	Robert Haydock. H. C. 1896 . . .	June 30, 1873
	Norwood Penrose. H. C. 1897 . . .	July 3, 1875
	John White. H. C. 1901	Dec. 24, 1878
	Esther Fisher. R. C. 1902	Mar. 21, 1881
	Susan Morris. R. C. 1905	Dec. 19, 1883

HARDON	Cleveland	April 14, 1877
	Frances	Feb. 27, 1879
	Joseph Bradford. H. C. 1902 . . .	Nov. 18, 1880
HARDY	Alpheus Sumner. H. C. 1887 . . .	Oct. 6, 1864
	Susan White	Oct. 2, 1866
	Eleanor	July 22, 1869
	*Philip Winslow	July 30, 1873
	Mary Caroline. R. C. 1901 . . .	April 5, 1876
HOLBROOK	Roger Sumner. H. C. 1901 . . .	Jan. 18, 1878
	Eunice Thompson	Oct. 12, 1868
	*Dorathea Elizabeth	June 30, 1877
HOPKINSON	Leslie White	June 25, 1866
	Charles Sidney. H. C. 1891 . . .	July 27, 1869
	Frances Stone	Mar. 25, 1871
	Christina. R. C. 1893	Aug. 2, 1873
INCHES	Henderson. H. C. 1908	Oct. 16, 1885
	Charles Edward. H. C. 1909 . . .	Feb. 27, 1887
	Louise Brimmer	Feb. 24, 1896
JOHNSON	Blanche	Feb. 19, 1871
	James Edward	Nov. 18, 1872
	*Terrie	Nov. 26, 1874
KNOWLES	Henry Swift. H. C. 1902	April 16, 1881
	Sylvia	Aug. 7, 1891
MAY	Ralph. H. C. 1904	June 22, 1882
MUMFORD	*Annie Isabelle	Sept. 30, 1868
	George Dana. H. C. 1891	May 9, 1870
	*Muriel Gurdon	Feb. 7, 1873
	Gurdon Saltonstall. H. C. 1902 .	April 2, 1875
PETTEE	Sybil Matilda	May 16, 1877
POWERS	*Elsie	Oct. 7, 1875
	Katharine	Sept. 19, 1876
	George Herman	Dec. 13, 1877
	Allan Raymond	May 23, 1881
	Ruth	Oct. 15, 1884
RICE	*Edmund	Mar. 9, 1864
	Edmund	Jan. 5, 1865
	Martha Ann	July 2, 1875
SANBORN	Susie Lydia	Sept. 26, 1867
SAWYER	Wilbur Augustus. H. C. 1902 . . .	Aug. 7, 1879
	John Birge	Jan. 17, 1881
	Edna Mercy	Dec. 27, 1882
	George Howard	July 26, 1888
STETSON	Lillian Moulton	Nov. 12, 1867
STONE, J. K.	Cornelia	July 1, 1864
	*Ethel	Nov. 7, 1866
	Sarah Kent	Aug. 30, 1868

STONE, RICHARD . . .	Robert Bowditch. H. C. 1898 . .	Jan. 6, 1877
	Mary Gray	Nov. 25, 1878
	Malcolm Bowditch. H. C. 1903 . .	Jan. 14, 1881
	Ingersoll Bowditch	Mar. 18, 1883
STORROW	Edward Cabot. H. C. 1889	Aug. 28, 1867
	Martha Cabot	Mar. 2, 1872
THAXTER	Sidney St. Felix. H. C. 1904 . . .	Mar. 4, 1883
	*Philip Reynaud	May 20, 1885
	Alan (adopted)	June 1888
	Langdon Thom. H. M. 1915 . . .	June 12, 1889
WAGGENER	Katie Pendleton	1868
	Elizabeth Ross	1870
	Lila Belle	1872
	Leslie	1876
	Fannie Pendleton	1879
	James Pendleton	1881
	Ellen Wooldridge	1883
WALES	Grace Isabel	Nov. 4, 1866
WALKER	Alice Putnam	May 25, 1868
	*Walter James	Jan. 1, 1873
	*Florence Bush	Jan. 1, 1873
WELD	George Francis	April 22, 1866
	Lydia Gould	Mar. 11, 1878
	Julia Bradlee	Mar. 11, 1878
	Stanley Barton	Sept. 1, 1881
WIGGLESWORTH . . .	*Mary	Jan. 29, 1883
	Henrietta Goddard	June 17, 1884
	Edward, H. C. 1908	Nov. 3, 1885
WORKS	Mabel Amsden	Feb. 27, 1866
	Bessie Swan	May 28, 1867
	*Frederic Lincoln	Feb. 22, 1870
	Frances Louise	Dec. 16, 1880
WRIGHT	Chester Whitney. H. C. 1901 . .	May 27, 1879
	Rebecca Whitney	July 11, 1880
	Sibyl	Aug. 12, 1883

CHILDREN OF NON-GRADUATES

ADAMS	*William Ware	April 24, 1864
	Helen Porter	Mar. 16, 1867
	Lucy Maria	July 17, 1869
	John Henry	May 26, 1871
	Emily Florence	Jan. 27, 1877
	James Leonard	Mar. 7, 1880
BLAKE	Anne	Feb. 11, 1879
	Beatrice Frances	June 25, 1883
BURROUGHS	George	May 28, 1868
	Henry Bryson	Sept. 8, 1869
CHENAULT	Mattie	
	Shirley	
CODMAN	Ogden	Jan. 17, 1863
	Alice Newbold	Aug. 25, 1865
	Thomas Newbold	May 17, 1867
	*Bowdoin Bradlee	Dec. 25, 1872
	Hugh	April 16, 1875
	Dorothy Sarah Frances May	April 8, 1883
CURTIS	Francis Gardner	
	*Laura	
	Mary	April 19, 1878
	Alfred	April 19, 1878
FENTON	Lyman	1864
HAMILTON	(Son)	1865
HOUGHTON	Percy Francis	Mar. 5, 1873
LONGFELLOW	(Son)	
	(Daughter)	
	(Daughter)	
McMAHON	*Martha E.	Aug. 19, 1873
	Minnie M.	Dec. 16, 1875
	Sarah	Jan. 16, 1877
	Edward Augustin	Aug. 28, 1879
	Josephine	July 21, 1881
	*John K.	Oct. 28, 1883
PAUL	Margaret O.	
	Oglesby	
	Mary L.	
	Frank W.	

PEABODY	Charles, H. C. 1890	Nov. 9, 1867
RUSSELL, T. C.	*Alfred Clarkson	Oct. 31, 1863
	Arthur Perkins	June 16, 1871
	Lillian Helena	Dec. 3, 1873
	Percy Clarkson	Jan. 31, 1878
	Daisy Locksley	June 17, 1879
RUSSELL, W. W.	Hettie Hatch	Feb. 22, 1861
SAFFORD	Mabel Amanda	Sept. 2, 1782
	Edith Bodwell	July 22, 1875
	*Luella Maud	Oct. 19, 1877
	Maurice Stark	May 9, 1879
	Emily Lilah	July 12, 1881
	DeForest	Nov. 21, 1883
	William Harper	Dec. 15, 1884
	*Winnifred Frances	Feb. 19, 1889
	*Harry Raymond	Oct. 17, 1890
SIMMONS	*(Son)	Feb. 17, 1875
	Marion Hamilton	Mar. 10, 1877

GRANDCHILDREN OF GRADUATES

BEAMAN	Hettie Beaman Lakin	Sept. 1, 1903
	Eleanor Putnam Lakin	Nov. 11, 1904
	Charles Beaman Lakin	Dec. 12, 1907
	Mary Stacy Lakin	Dec. 14, 1909
	Mary Stacy Beaman	Aug. 9, 1913
	Margaret Beaman Nickerson	Oct. 21, 1913
BOONE	Frances Winnifred Boone	June 25, 1900
	Philip Boone	Nov. 28, 1901
BOWDITCH	Lucy Bowditch Jones	Jan. 22, 1904
	Ethel Bowditch Jones	Dec. 16, 1906
	Henry Bowditch Jones	June 17, 1912
	Selma Bowditch Jones	May 10, 1908
	Dorothea Bowditch Jones	Nov. 7, 1912
	Mary Hodges Stone	Sept. 17, 1903
	Henry Bowditch Stone	Sept. 25, 1906
	James Lincoln Stone	Feb. 7, 1908
	Percival K. Stone	June 20, 1909
	John Hodges Stone	Dec. 15, 1911
	Henry Bowditch Van Loon	June 22, 1907
	Gerald William Van Loon	Jan. 16, 1911
	Martha Sears Bowditch	Sept. 13, 1912
	Henry Pickering Bowditch	June 16, 1914
	Eliza Ingersoll Bowditch	April 22, 1913
BULLARD	John Morgan Bullard	June 7, 1890
	Helen Rotch Bullard	Jan. 25, 1892
	William Rotch Bullard	Oct. 16, 1893
	Emily Bullard	July 20, 1895
	Lydia Gardner Bullard	Nov. 3, 1896
	Louis Pintard Bayard	Nov. 29, 1898
	Martha Pintard Bayard	Aug. 4, 1901
DABNEY	Frederick Lewis Dabney	Feb. 7, 1901
	Thomas Nickerson Dabney	Sept. 21, 1914
	Lewis Dabney Parker	Dec. 14, 1907
	Augustin Harrison Parker, Jr.	Feb. 16, 1910
DUNCKLEE	William Sands Duncklee	Nov. 24, 1903
	Barbara Duncklee Bugbee	Mar. 8, 1912
FISKE	*Joseph Fiske Conant	May 19, 1911

FORBES	William Hathaway Forbes	Feb. 21, 1903
	Ruth Forbes	Oct. 4, 1903
	Margaret Forbes	May 19, 1905
	David Cabot Forbes	Oct. 29, 1908
	Pauline Forbes	April 8, 1911
	Edith Emerson Webster	Nov. 24, 1909
	Frederick Augustus Webster	April 3, 1912
	Rosamond Forbes	Oct. 14, 1908
	John Murray Forbes	July 14, 1910
	Mary Emerson Forbes	Oct. 26, 1912
	Stephen Hathaway Forbes	Nov. 26, 1910
	Waldo Emerson Forbes, Jr.	July 9, 1912
	Lawrence Grinell Forbes	April 17, 1911
	*Robert Grinell Forbes	Feb. 11, 1913
GAGE	Minot Gardner Gage	1907
	Charles Allen Gage	1901
	Bradford Gage	1906
GARRISON	Lloyd Kirkham Garrison	Nov. 19, 1897
	Clarinda Kirkham Garrison	Mar. 6, 1900
	Katherine Knight Garrison	May 16, 1905
	Lydia Knight Garrison	April 3, 1908
	Garrison Norton	Oct. 9, 1900
	Lucia Garrison Norton	Jan. 4, 1902
	Charles McKim Norton	Jan. 6, 1907
GIFFEN	Isabel Fishburn	
GILBERT	Ruth Howes	
	Helen Howes	
HALLOWELL	Hallowell D. Davis	Aug. 31, 1896
	Horace B. Davis	Aug. 10, 1898
	Sarah H. Davis	May 14, 1901
	Esther F. Davis	Jan. 16, 1906
	Robert H. Hallowell, Jr.	Aug. 31, 1903
	Samuel H. Hallowell	May 11, 1905
	Francis Jackson Hallowell	Nov. 15, 1907
	Rebecca Nelson Hallowell	Oct. 8, 1910
	Mary Bowditch Hallowell	Sept. 18, 1902
	Hannah Penrose Hallowell	Aug. 19, 1904
	Ellen Rice Hallowell	Jan. 9, 1906
	Norwood Penrose Hallowell, Jr.	Nov. 2, 1909
	Alfred Bowditch Hallowell	Nov. 11, 1911
	William Ladd Hallowell	Aug. 18, 1906
	John White Hallowell, Jr.	Jan. 22, 1909
	Robert Haydock Hallowell	Dec. 7, 1910
	Eleanor Hallowell	May 13, 1914
	Susan H. Morse	Sept. 12, 1911
	John Graham Brooks	Oct. 8, 1913
HARDON	Barbara Hardon	Sept. 22, 1914

HARDY	Isabella Ramsey Hardy	June 25, 1912
	*Sylvia Platt	Sept. 30, 1894
	William Platt	Feb. 6, 1897
	Roger Platt	June 29, 1898
	Geoffrey Platt	Aug. 6, 1902
HOLBROOK	Charles Platt	Nov. 26, 1913
	Johanna Regina D. W. Ruel	April 24, 1896
	Elizabeth A. Bolles Ruel	Mar. 21, 1898
	James Rhodes Ruel	Oct. 29, 1901
	Dorothy Holbrook Ruel	Feb. 26, 1903
HOPKINSON	Margery Wilhelmina Ruel	April 25, 1904
	Barbara Johnston Ruel	April 4, 1906
	William Augustus Ruel	Sept. 14, 1908
	Hariot Hopkinson	Jan. 17, 1903
	Mary Hopkinson	Sept. 23, 1905
	Isabella Hopkinson	May 8, 1907
	Elinor Hopkinson	Feb. 21, 1909
	Joan Hopkinson	April 2, 1913
	Samuel Atkins Eliot, Jr.	Mar. 14, 1893
	Rosamond Eliot	Nov. 20, 1895
	Elisabeth Eliot	Sept. 28, 1897
	Frances Eliot	Sept. 2, 1901
	Charles William Eliot, 2d	Nov. 5, 1899
	John Hopkinson Baker	June 30, 1894
	Edwin Osborne Baker	Feb. 21, 1896
	Myles Pierce Baker	Aug. 18, 1901
	Theodore Lyman Eliot	April 4, 1903
JOHNSON	Thomas Hopkinson Eliot	June 14, 1907
	George Pierce Baker, Jr.	Nov. 1, 1903
	*Doris Dangerfield	July 25, 1894
	Alfred H. Dangerfield	Dec. 3, 1895
	Elinor Dangerfield	April 3, 1901
KNOWLES	Mary Frances Johnson	Sept. 21, 1910
	Thomas B. Knowles	Dec. 12, 1912
MUMFORD	George Satsuma Mumford	
	Dorothy Beulah Mumford	July 29, 1907
PETTEE	Philip Dow	June 20, 1905
	Jean Dow	Oct. 11, 1907
	David Dow	Aug. 24, 1912
POWERS	(Son) Chapman	
	(Daughter) Powers	
RICE	Clara Elizabeth Rice	Oct. 15, 1891
	Helen Madeline Rice	Dec. 19, 1893
	Dorothy Stearns	Feb. 20, 1896
SANBORN	Priscilla Cowper	Sept. 24, 1903
SAWYER	Wesley N. Sawyer	
	Evelyn Sawyer	

STONE, R.	*Richard Stone	Aug. 1, 1910
	Richard Noyes Stone	Feb. 7, 1912
	Ellen Balch Stone	Oct. 19, 1913
	Malcolm Bowditch Stone, Jr.	Sept. 21, 1910
	Lucy Bowditch Stone	Dec. 4, 1913
STORROW	Thomas Wentworth Storrow, H. C. 1915	Oct. 7, 1893
	Edward Cabot Storrow	Feb. 7, 1899
	Alice Gedney Storrow	Nov. 23, 1900
	Caroline King Storrow	May 30, 1911
	*Gedney King Storrow	May 30, 1911
	Mary Gray Storrow	Aug. 13, 1913
	Martha Storrow Denny	Aug. 31, 1907
	Charles Storrow Denny	Sept. 17, 1911
	Sidney Warren Thaxter	April 21, 1914
	Frances Pendleton Walker	Nov. 24, 1889
WAGGENER	Alexander Stuart Walker	Jan. 14, 1891
	Elizabeth Ross Lancaster	
	Edgar H. Lancaster, Jr.	
WELD	Edric Weld	Feb. 15, 1899
	Dorothy Weld	Jan. 31, 1906
	Anna Weld	July 26, 1908
	George Francis Weld, Jr.	Nov. 4, 1910
	Sumner Appleton Weld	1912
	Marjory Appleton Weld	Dec. 26, 1914
	Elizabeth Rogers Huntington	July 17, 1905
	Evelyn Huntington	July 27, 1910
WIGGLESWORTH	Sarah Wigglesworth Porter	Sept. 16, 1906
	Dorothy Wigglesworth Porter	Dec. 31, 1911

GRANDCHILDREN OF NON-GRADUATES

ADAMS	Florence Sprague Whitcomb	Oct. 15, 1893
	Harold Adams Whitcomb	June 30, 1901
	Oliver Whitcomb	Oct. 16, 1906
	Fletcher Porter Whitcomb	April 16, 1909
BLAKE	Marjory Richardson	Mar. 31, 1904
	Arthur W. Richardson	July 31, 1906
	Frederick L. W. Richardson, Jr.	Mar. 3, 1909
	Francis B. Richardson	Mar. 15, 1911
	Joseph Priestly Richardson	April 9, 1913
	Henry Greenough Nickerson	Sept. 24, 1911
	W. G. Nickerson, Jr.	Nov. 1, 1909
BURROUGHS	Alan Burroughs	June 13, 1897
	Beatrice Burroughs	Aug. 17, 1899
CHENAULT	2 daughters { children of Mattie	
	3 sons { Nash	
	2 sons { children of Shirley	
	3 daughters { Watkins	
CURTIS	Mary Curtis	Feb. 16, 1907
	Helen Reed	July 5, 1909
HOUGHTON	Percy Houghton	April 26, 1908
PEABODY	Jennette Felice Peabody	
	Margaret Christine Peabody	
	Caryl Peabody	
	Alfred Horatio Belo Peabody	
RUSSELL	Ruth Gustin	Mar. 3, 1901
	Ella Pearl Russell	Nov. 27, 1897
	Paul Belford Russell	Aug. 28, 1898
	Grace Russell	Dec. 30, 1899
SAFFORD	Mildred Wilder	
	Dwight Harry Wilder	Aug. 19, 1903
	Gleason Wilder	Nov. 5, 1907
	Merrill Goodhue Safford	Mar. 15, 1907
	Ormond Safford	Jan. 27, 1911
SIMMONS	Philip Stanley Owen	Mar. 12, 1909
	Tudor Hamilton Owen	Dec. 17, 1911

Ah! many boon companions
Who sailed in "61"
Have taken flight beyond us,
Ere yet our voyage is done.
We hear their wireless greetings
From off the further shore,
Return our salutations,
One Class for evermore.

W. A. H.

DEATHS

GRADUATES

Alden	Oct. 5, 1863	Hopkinson	Jan. 14, 1910
Almy	Aug. 30, 1862	Inches	Jan. 12, 1911
Atkinson	June 18, 1887	Johnson	June 29, 1894
Beaman	Dec. 15, 1900	Knowles	Sept. 2, 1909
Bolton	July 10, 1879	Lamb	Sept. 2, 1871
Boone	Feb. 4, 1915	Leavitt	Sept. 3, 1863
Bowditch	Mar. 13, 1911	Mumford	July 25, 1875
Boyden	Aug. 17, 1866	Parker	Mar. 29, 1909
Brown	May 13, 1896	Pettee	May 26, 1904
Bullard	July 2, 1899	Phillips	Dec. 5, 1862
Cowdrey	Feb. 22, 1891	Pickering	June 4, 1907
Crowninshield	July 3, 1867	Powers	May 4, 1913
Dabney	May 15, 1908	Rand	April 28, 1869
Doolittle	Aug. 10, 1862	Rice	Aug. 9, 1907
Duncklee	April 2, 1900	Richardson	July 12, 1884
Emerson	May 3, 1863	Robeson	July 6, 1863
Emmons	Mar. 28, 1911	Salter	April 7, 1870
Farrar	April 17, 1881	Shurtleff, C. A.	June 26, 1864
Fiske	Feb. 21, 1909	Shurtleff, H.	Dec. 11, 1893
Forbes	Oct. 11, 1897	Sleeper	April 18, 1874
Gage	Feb. 27, 1897	Snow	Jan. 11, 1871
Garrison	Feb. 27, 1907	Stetson	Dec. 26, 1909
Gholson	Dec. 7, 1862	Stone	Aug. 14, 1914
Giffen	June 11, 1893	Stratton	July 23, 1906
Gilbert	Dec. 3, 1909	Thaxter	Nov. 10, 1908
Gould, E. P.	Aug. 22, 1900	Waggener	Aug. 19, 1896
Gould, J. R.	Aug. 3, 1872	Wales	Sept. 15, 1907
Hale	Oct. 27, 1895	Weld	Aug. 28, 1898
Hallowell	April 11, 1914	Wigglesworth	Jan. 23, 1896
Hardon	Jan. 1, 1902	Works	April 28, 1904
Holbrook	April 30, 1911	Wright	Sept. 5, 1914

NON-GRADUATES

Adams	Sept. 12, 1889	Longfellow	April 28, 1874
Blake	Feb. 28, 1893	Loring	April 23, 1888
Burroughs	Jan. 22, 1870	McCabe	April 3, 1877
Chenault	Dec. 29, 1896	Mathes	Mar. 14, 1904
Codman	Oct. 25, 1904	Memminger	Mar. 30, 1905
Curtis	Jan. 22, 1888	Paul	Dec. 25, 1912
Dehon	Dec. 13, 1862	Peabody	Oct. 1, 1904
Eustis	Sept. 19, 1864	Safford	July 7, 1914
Fenton	July 28, 1863	Simmons	Feb. 22, 1898
Greenough	1858	Sweet	Aug. 1869
Hamilton	Nov. 9, 1869	Taylor	June 19, 1881
Houghton	Sept. 13, 1896	Thomas	Oct. 29, 1859
Jewett	Sept. 20, 1911	Turner	Mar. 14, 1893
Kimball	1873	Vanderpoel	Dec. 27, 1860
Lawrence	Mar. 10, 1903	Walton	April 10, 1871

ERRATA

Addresses changed:—

JOHN RITCHIE, 40 Mt. Vernon St., Boston.

WESLEY C. SAWYER, 839 Mendocino Road, Berkeley, Cal.

ADDRESSES

JOHN BIGELOW,
The Concord, 65 South Eleventh Street, Minneapolis, Minn.

CHARLES LEE BIXBY,
215 East New York Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

HERMAN FRANCIS BRASHEAR,
646 College Avenue, Wooster, Ohio.

ELIHU CHAUNCEY,
208 Madison Avenue, New York City.

JOHN DOGGETT COBB,
Dedham, Mass.

CHARLES ALONZO COOPER,
Wakefield, Mass., R. F. D. 1.

FRANK WARREN HACKETT,
1219 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

ALPHEUS HOLMES HARDY,
445 Beacon Street, Boston, Mass.

OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES,
U. S. Supreme Court, Washington, D.C.

DAVID FRANCIS LINCOLN,
84 Myrtle Street, Boston, Mass.

JOSEPH HETHERINTON McDANIELS,
Hobart College, Geneva, N.Y.

JAMES RUNDLET MAY,
Portsmouth, N.H.

JOHN RITCHIE,
10 Mt. Vernon Street, Boston, Mass.

EDWARD WILLIAM SANBORN,
33 Laurel Street, Somerville, Mass.

WESLEY CALEB SAWYER,
San Jose, Cal.

JOSEPH HERBERT SENTER,
44 Avon Street, Portland, Me.

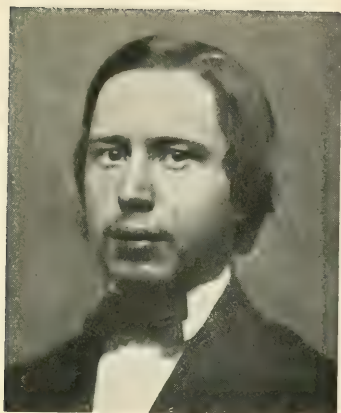
JAMES KENT STONE. [THE VERY REV. FATHER FIDELIS.]
St. Michael's Monastery, West Hoboken, N. J.

CHARLES STORROW,
53 State Street, Boston, Mass.

JAMES PUTNAM WALKER,
96½ Exchange Street, Bangor, Me.

STEPHEN WILLIAMS WHITNEY,
46 Pinckney Street, Boston, Mass.

PORTRAITS OF THE CLASS



LEONARD CASE ALDEN



PARDON ALMY



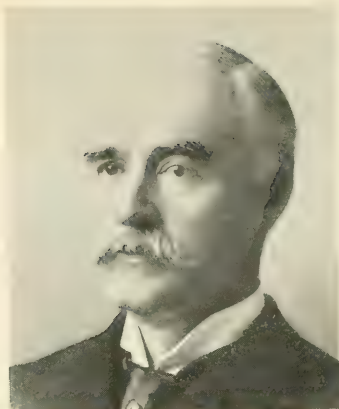
HENRY MARTYN ATKINSON



CHARLES COTESWORTH BEAMAN



JOHN BIGELOW



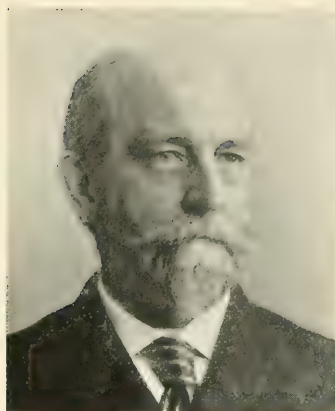
CHARLES LEE BIXBY



THOMAS KELLY BOLTON



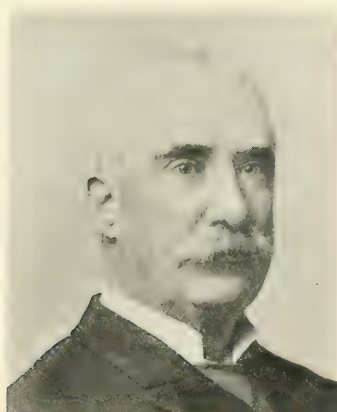
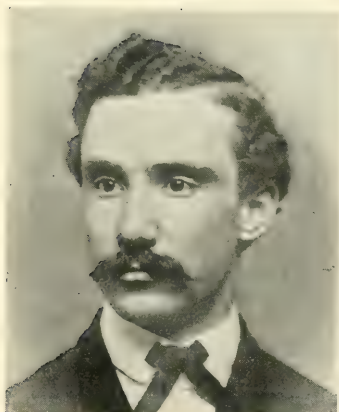
ALLAN FOSTER BOONE



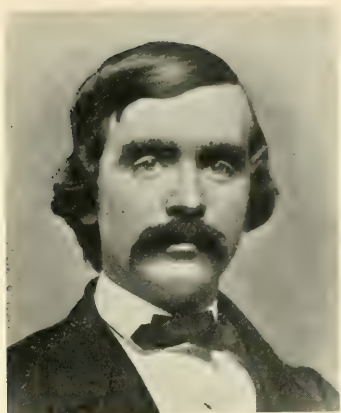
HENRY PICKERING BOWDITCH



JEREMIAH WESLEY BOYDEN



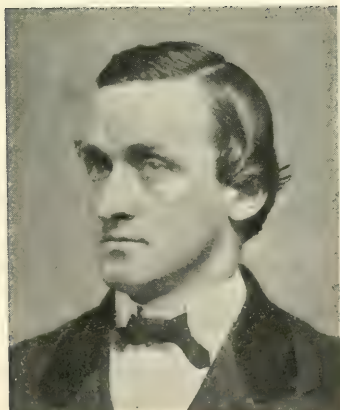
HERMAN FRANCIS BRASHEAR



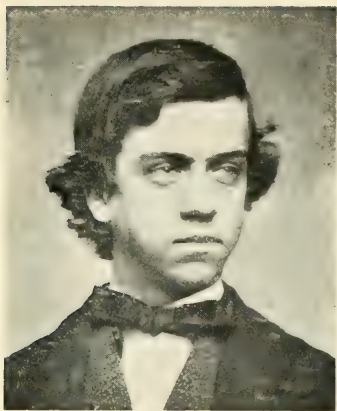
JOHN PATRICK BROWN



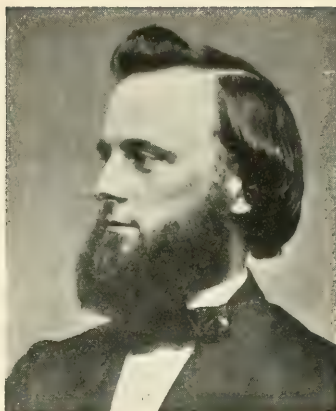
JOHN LINCOLN BULLARD



ELIHU CHAUNCEY



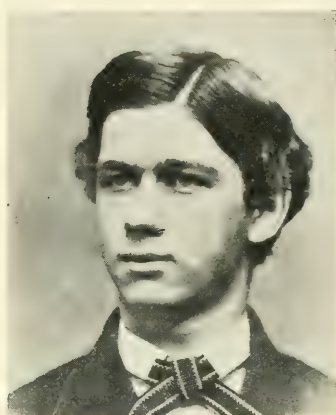
JOHN DOGGETT COBB



CHARLES ALONZO COOPER



STEVENS GEORGE COWDREY

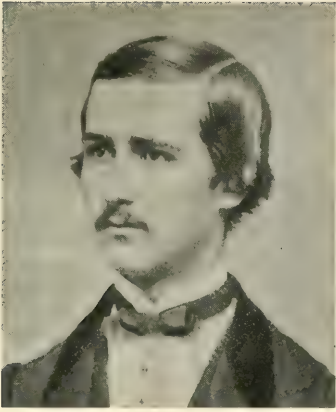


EDWARD AUGUSTUS CROWNINSHIELD



LEWIS STACKPOLE DABNEY





CHARLES TILTON DUNCKLEE



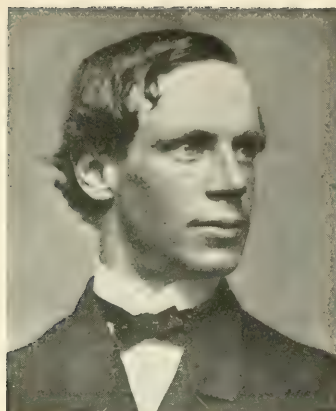
HENRY JONAS DOOLITTLE



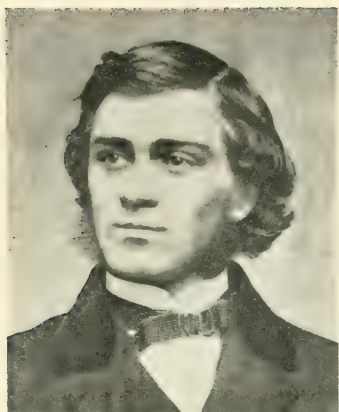
STEPHEN GOODHUE EMERSON



SAMUEL FRANKLIN EMMONS



HENRY WELD FARRAR

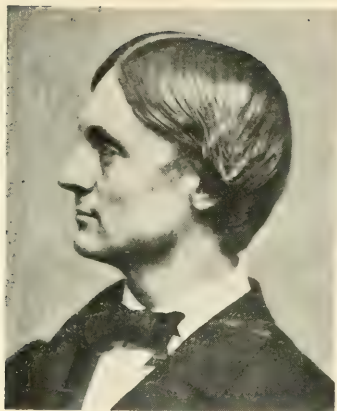


JOSEPH EMERY FISKE

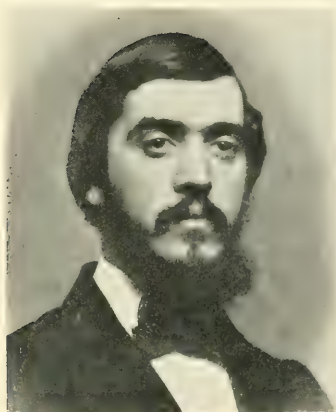


WILLIAM HATHAWAY FORBES

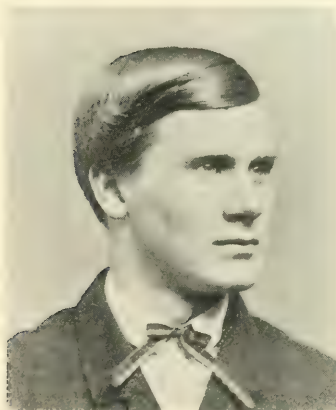




MINOT GARDNER GAGE



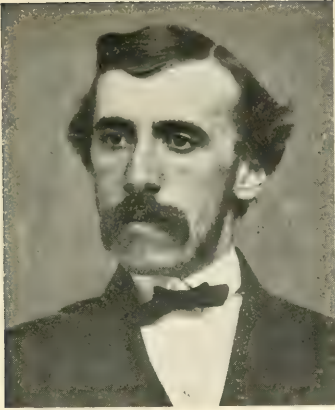
WENDELL PHILLIPS GARRISON



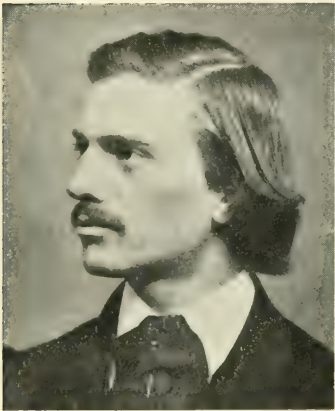
WILLIAM YATES GHOLSON



JAMES FORTESCUE GIFFEN



DANIEL DUDLEY GILBERT



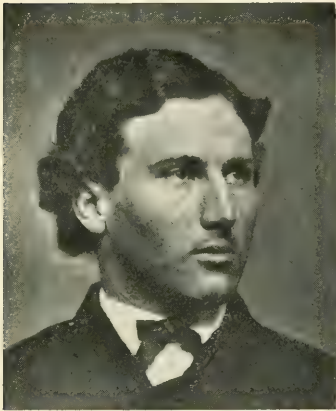
EZRA PALMER GOULD



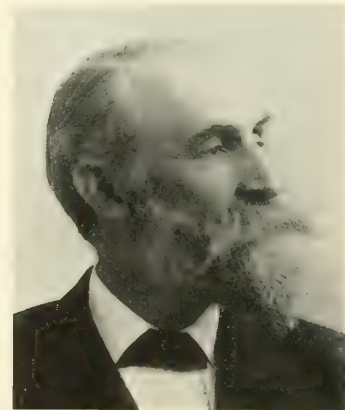
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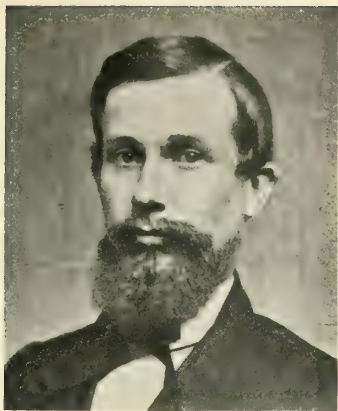
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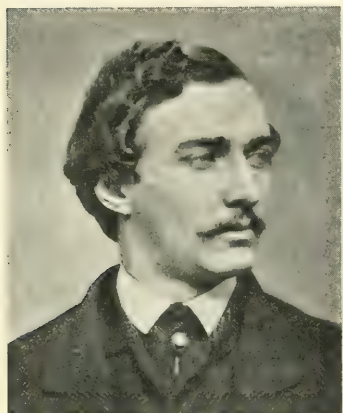
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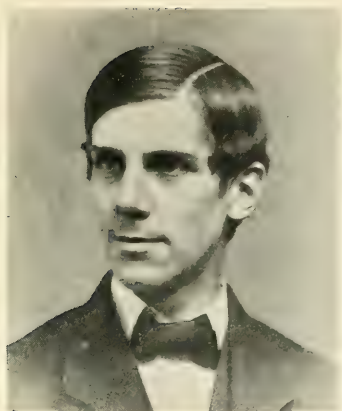
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ALPHEUS HOLMES HARDY



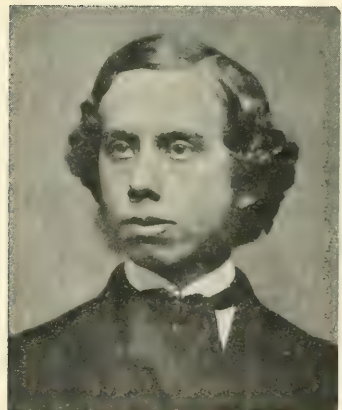
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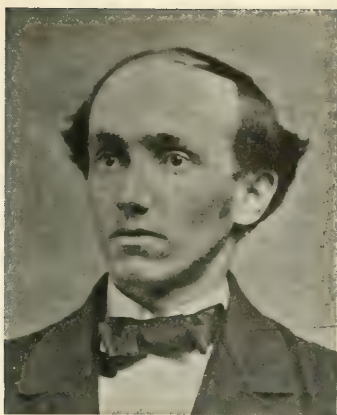
OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES



JOHN PRENTISS HOPKINSON



CHARLES EDWARD INCHES



ALFRED PERRY JOHNSON



THOMAS HENRY KNOWLES



CHARLES DUNCAN LAMB



THOMAS JOSEPH LEAVITT



DAVID FRANCIS LINCOLN



JOSEPH HETHERINGTON McDANIELS



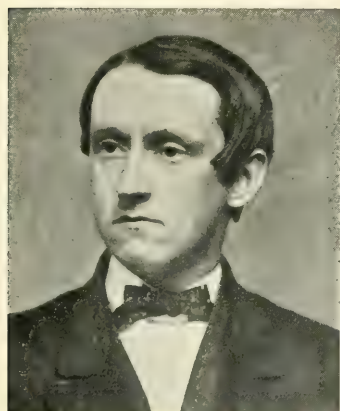
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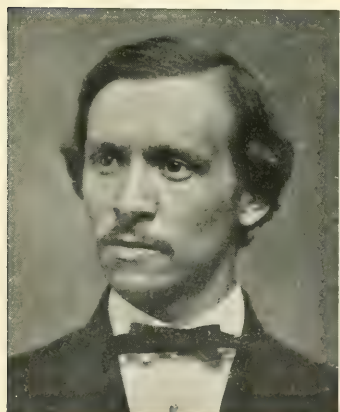
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SAMUEL DUNN PHILLIPS



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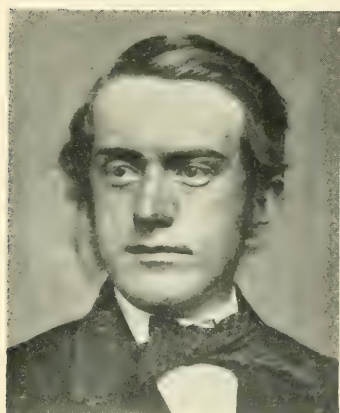


HENRY PICKERING





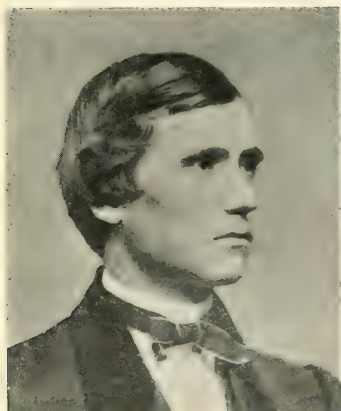
GEORGE HERMAN POWERS



BENJAMIN RAND



FRANK THORNTON RICHARDSON



JAMES HOLTON RICE



JOHN RITCHIE



THOMAS RODMAN ROBESON



CHARLES CHRISTIE SALTER



EDWARD WILLIAM SANBORN



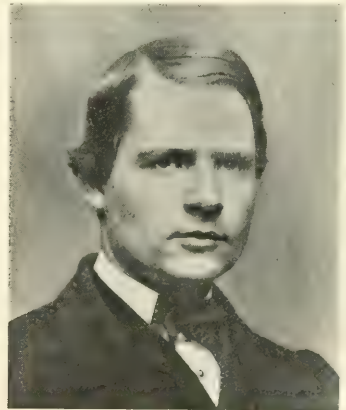
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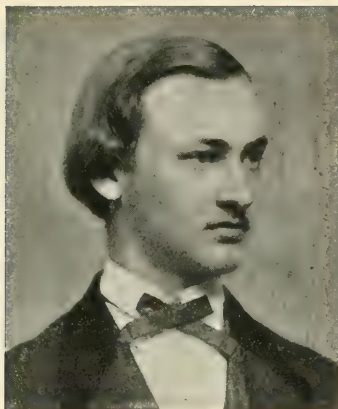
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CARLETON ATWOOD SHURTLEFF



HIRAM SMITH SHURTLEFF



HERBERT SFEPER



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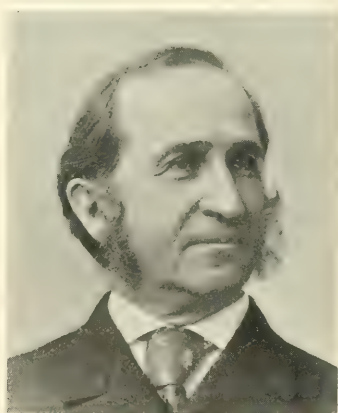
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JAMES KENT STONE



RICHARD STONE

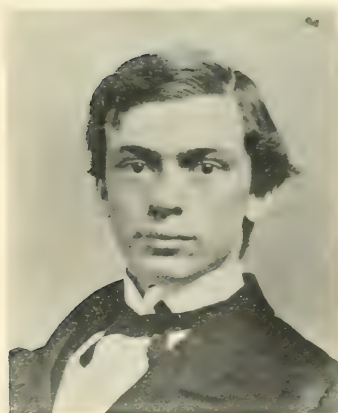




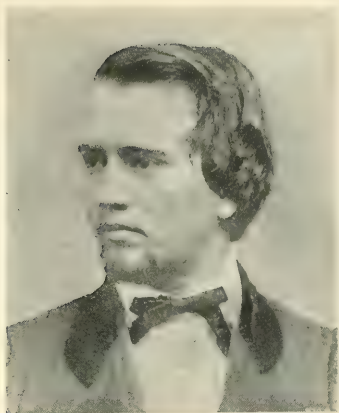
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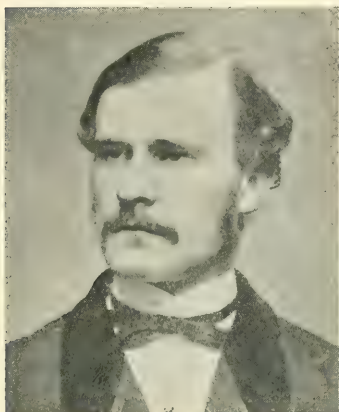
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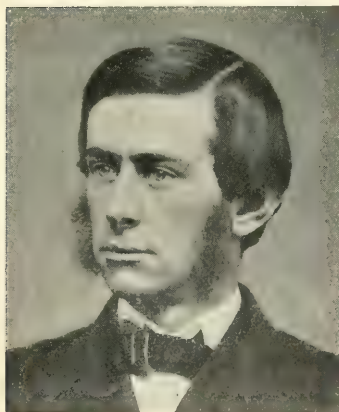
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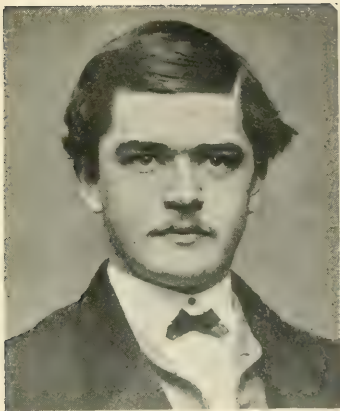
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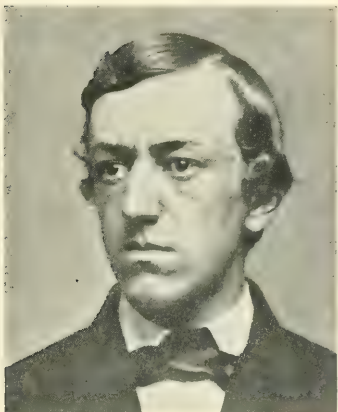
JOSEPH HOWE WALES



JAMES PUTNAM WALKER



FRANKLIN WELD



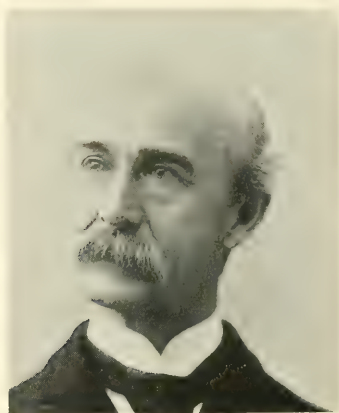
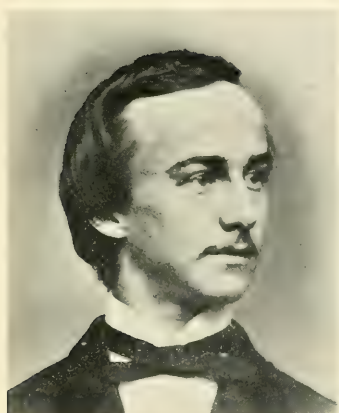
STEPHEN WILLIAMS WHITNEY



EDWARD WIGGLESWORTH



GEORGE FRANKLIN WORKS



JAMES EDWARD WRIGHT

